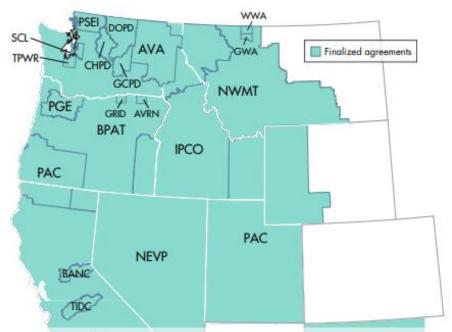


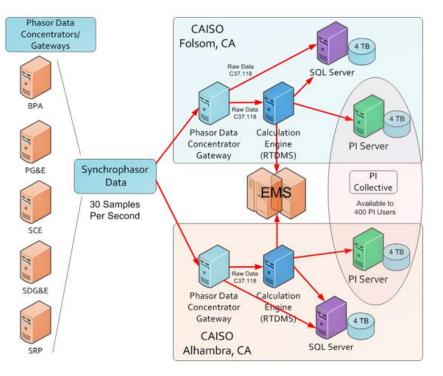
Panel: Real-Time Oscillation Analysis: Technology Readiness, and a Vision for Future Needs and Applications

> Aftab Alam, CAISO NASPI Webinar, 24 June 2020

Reliability Coordinator Services



- The ISO's Reliability Coordinator, named RC West, launched operations on July 1, 2019
- Official Reliability Coordinator of record for 42 electricity BAs and TOPs in the Western Interconnection.



 Incoming PMU data being utilized in RTDMS for monitoring of inter-area modes and detection of forced oscillations.



RC West Monitoring of Oscillations

- Operating Procedure developed to supplement monitoring of oscillations for three primary scenarios:
 - Inter-area (electromechanical modes)
 - Forced (Local)
 - Forced causing Inter-area oscillations
- Training and reinforcement





Monitoring of Oscillations

- Since Sept 2019, 50+ events have been observed in RTDMS and investigated by operators and engineers
- Different kind of events
 - Ramping of Units
 - Conventional
 - Renewable
 - Malfunctioning of controls
 - Some still under investigation



Oscillation Event Example

- Oscillations of 161 MW observed in Band 3 oscillations (1.2Hz) observed in RTDMS in the Pacific Northwest.
- Duration was about 10 minutes
- Primary cause of oscillation was the lowering of voltage set point to the low excitation limit. Oscillation began upon hitting the low excitation limit
- RC West coordinated with TOPs to identify source





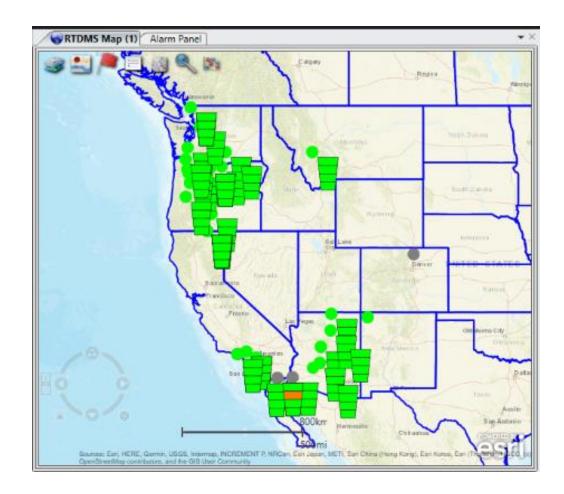
Oscillation Event Example

- Oscillations of 1.5 MW observed in Band 3
- Longer Duration
- RC West coordinated with TOPs to identify source
- Cause under investigation



Oscillation Event Example

- Oscillations of 15 MW observed in Band 2
- Short Duration
- Cause and source under investigation





Current and Emerging Challenges – Natural / Interarea oscillations

- Monitoring of Inter-Area Modes Consistency on how do you monitor?
- Developing guidelines for operators
 - Offline studies required to determine what dispatch changes, changes in transfer flows, topology changes are needed to increase damping
 - Small Signal Stability Studies
 - Dynamic Simulations + Data Analysis



Current and Emerging Challenges – Natural / Interarea oscillations

- What about real-time determination and validation of mitigation actions?
 - Developing guidelines for engineers to run real-time studies to validate actions that help to increase damping
- Impact of contingencies on damping?
 - Opportunity for Real-Time Small-Signal stability analysis.
 Evaluation of need is required.



Current and Emerging Challenges – Natural / Interarea oscillations

- Monitoring of Inter-Area Modes Consistency on how do you monitor?
- Developing guidelines for operators
 - Offline studies required to determine what dispatch changes, changes in transfer flows, topology changes are needed to increase damping
 - Small Signal Stability Studies
 - Dynamic Simulations + Data Analysis
 - What about real-time?
 - Developing guidelines for engineers to run real-time studies to validate actions that help to increase damping



ISO Public

Current and Emerging Challenges – Forced Oscillations

- Source Identification
 - Continues to be a challenge when there is lack of PMU data
 - Need to develop hybrid approaches to make tools smarter to determine
 - Do we have units ramping?
 - Do we have a unit showing abnormal behavior?
 - Integrate with SCADA and other data sources



Questions

aalam@caiso.com

