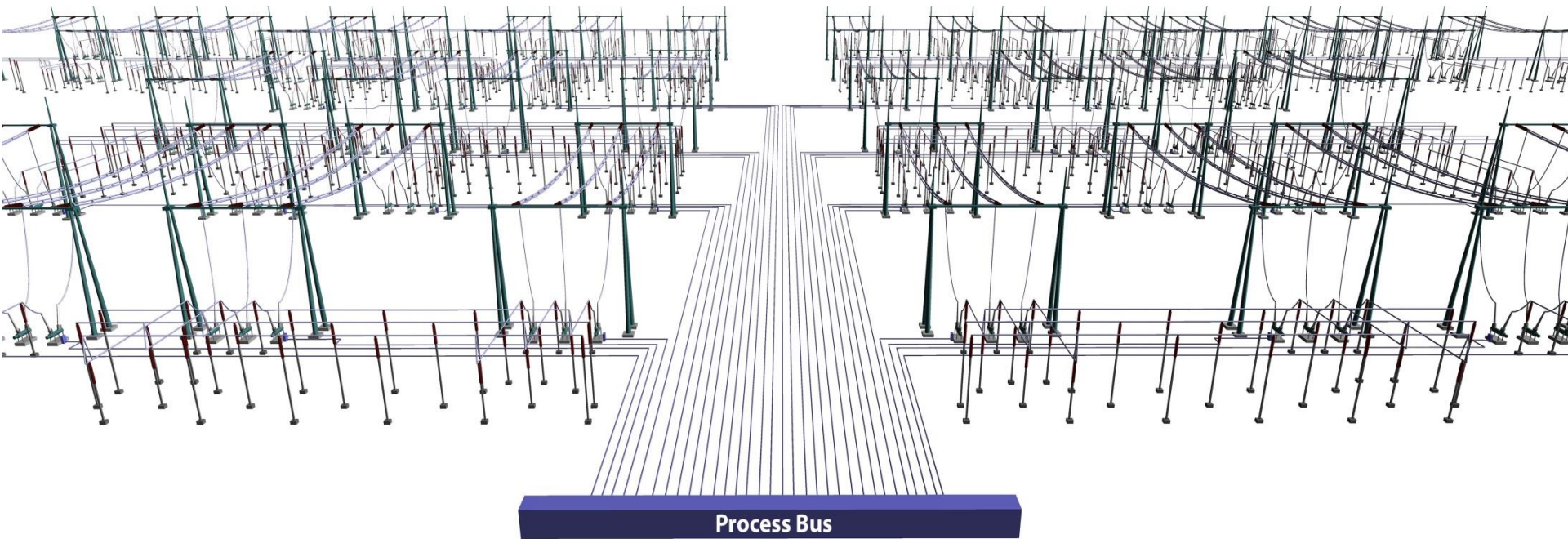


Dynamic State Estimation Based Protection (a.k.a. setting-less protection)

Sakis Meliopoulos, Ga Tech
Bruce Fardanesh & George Stefopoulos, NYPA
Paul Myrda, EPRI

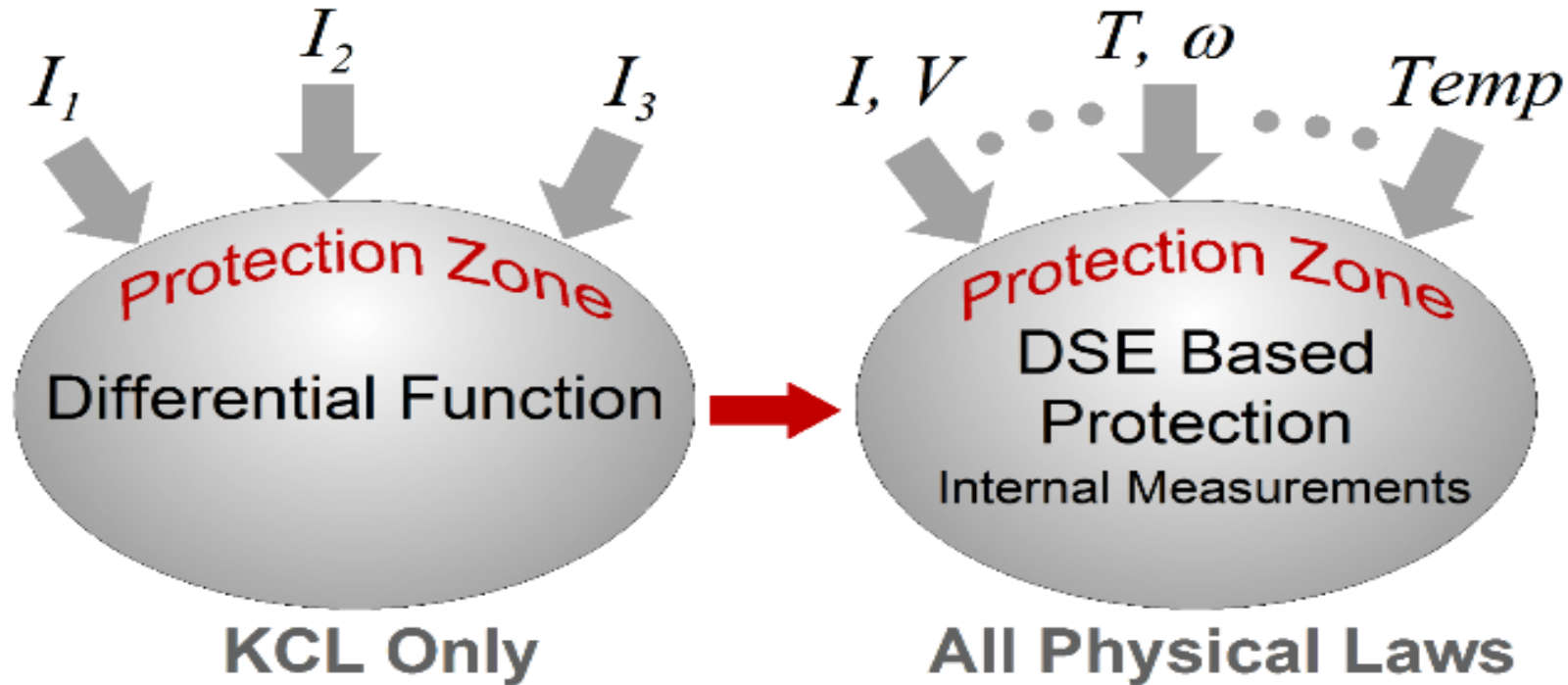
International Synchrophasor Symposium
Atlanta, Georgia, March 22-24, 2016

The Setting-Less Protection Method



DSE Motivation: In Search of Secure Protection

Setting-less Protection has been **inspired** from Differential Protection which:
(a) has minimal settings and (b) does not require coordination with other functions



Analytics: Dynamic State Estimation (systematic way to determine observance of physical laws)

Dynamic State Estimation

Given the dynamic model of a system: →

$$\mathbf{i}(t) = Y_{eqx1} \mathbf{x}(t) + D_{eqxd1} \frac{d\mathbf{x}(t)}{dt} + C_{eqc1}$$

And a set of measurements at times t , $t+h$, $t+2h$, ...

$$0 = Y_{eqx2} \mathbf{x}(t) + D_{eqxd2} \frac{d\mathbf{x}(t)}{dt} + C_{eqc2}$$

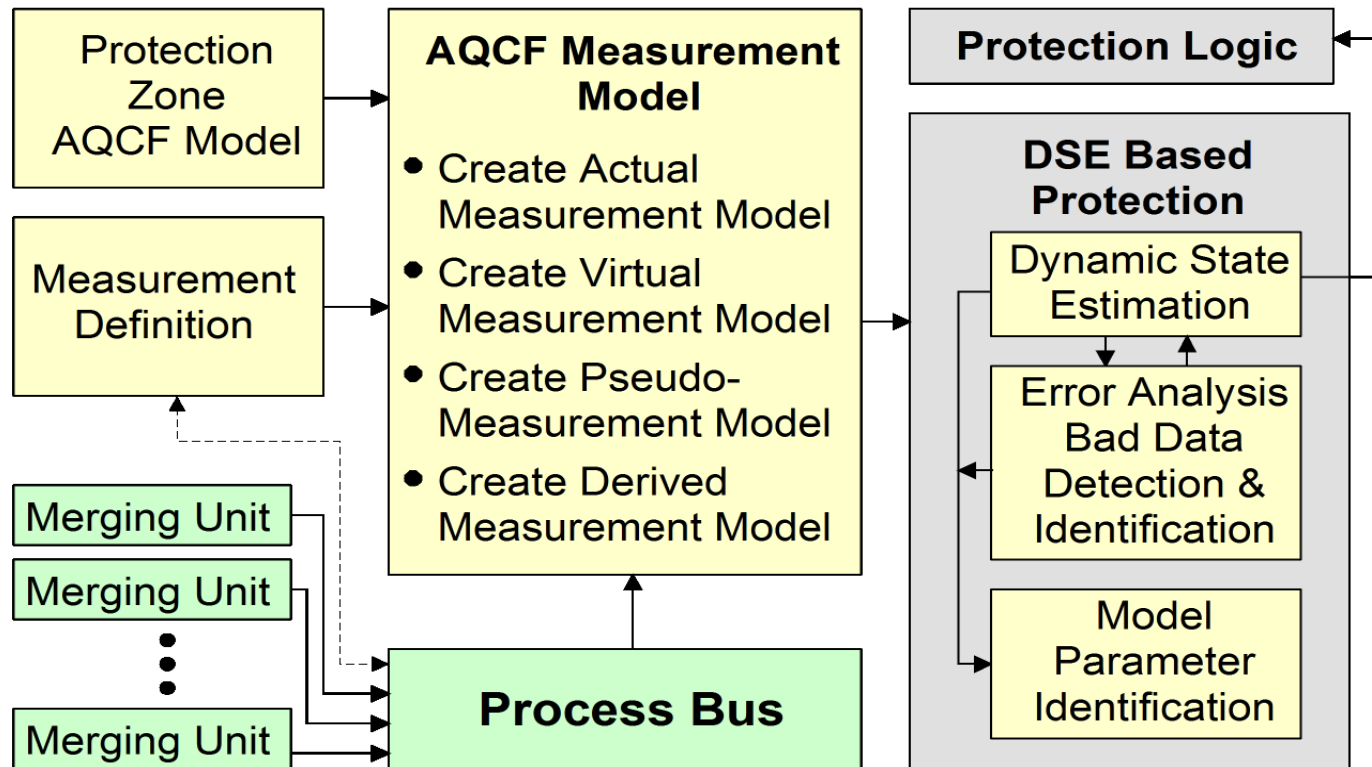
Compute the best Estimate of the System State at times t , $t+h$, $t+2h$, ...

$$0 = Y_{eqx3} \mathbf{x}(t) + \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ \mathbf{x}(t)^T \langle F_{eqxx3}^i \rangle \mathbf{x}(t) \\ \vdots \end{array} \right\} + C_{eqc3}$$

We have developed three algorithmic approaches which provide similar results:

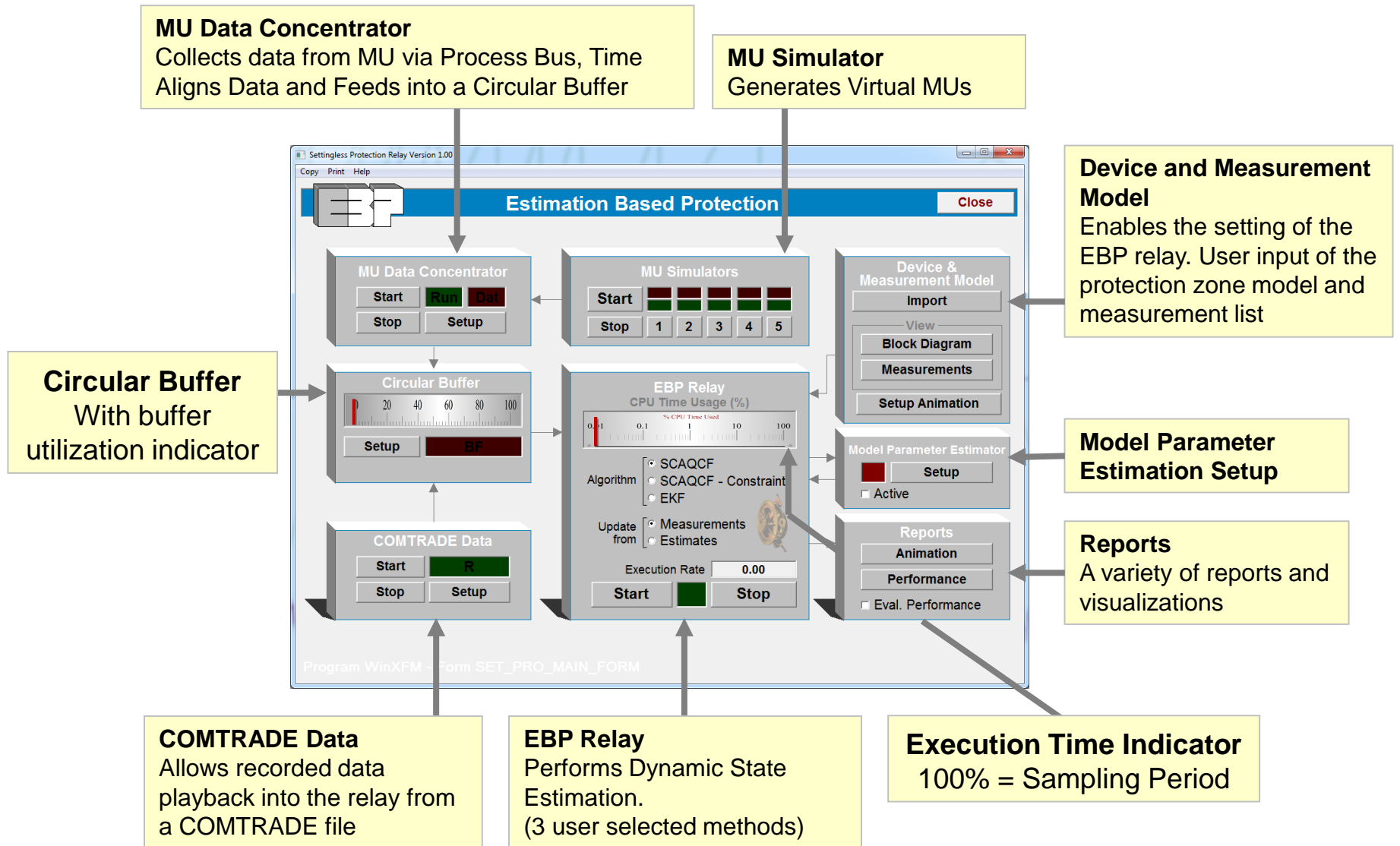
- **UCWLS (Un-Constraint Weighted Least Squares):** Treat actual measurements, virtual, derived and pseudo as data with certain uncertainty
- **CWLS (Constraint Weighted Least Squares):** Treat virtual measurements as constraints
- **EKF (Extended Kalman Filter):** Use Predictor-Corrector algorithm

Implementation Overview: Data Flow



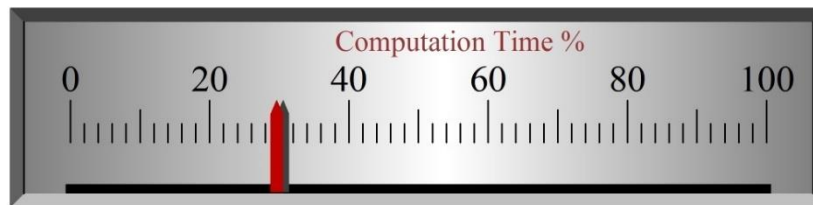
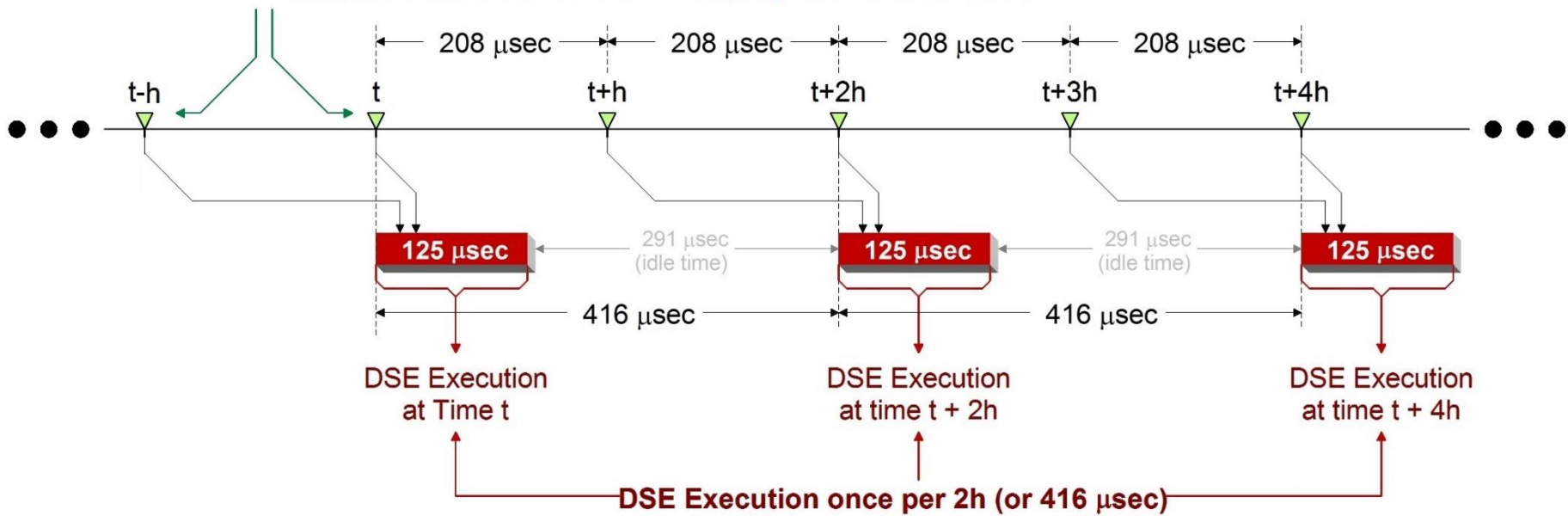
- The Component is represented with a set of Differential Equations (DE). Measurements from legacy instrumentation or MUs.
- The Dynamic State Estimator fits the Streaming Data to the Dynamic Model (DE) of the Component. Protection Logic based on DSE results.
- Object Oriented Implementation

Software Implementation Overview – User Interface



Dynamic State Estimation – Required Speed

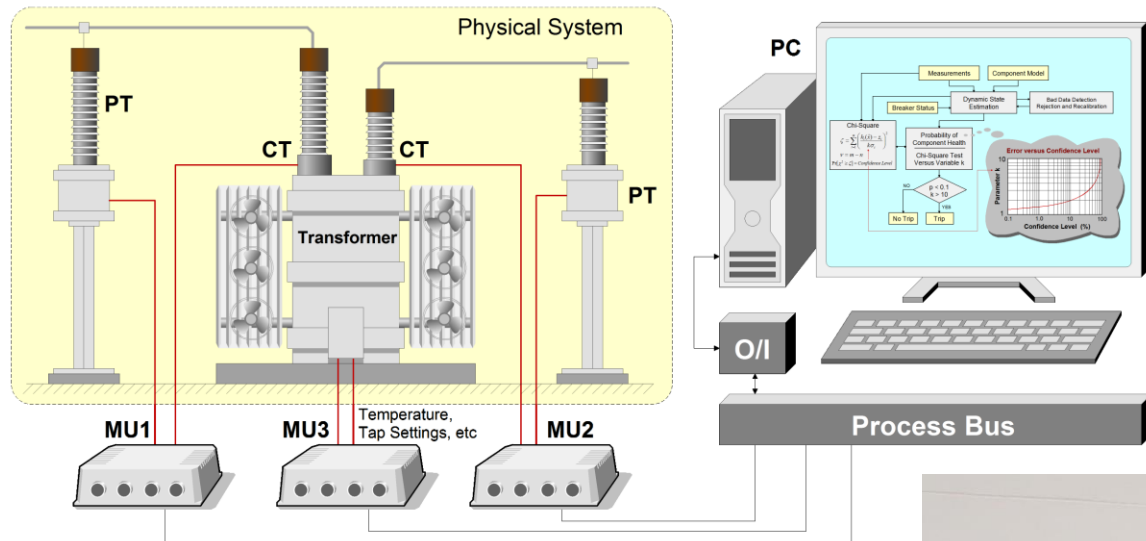
▽ Sampled Values from MU at a Sampling Rate of 4800 s/sec



$$\text{Computation Time} = \frac{125 \mu\text{sec}}{416 \mu\text{sec}} \times 100 = 30 \%$$

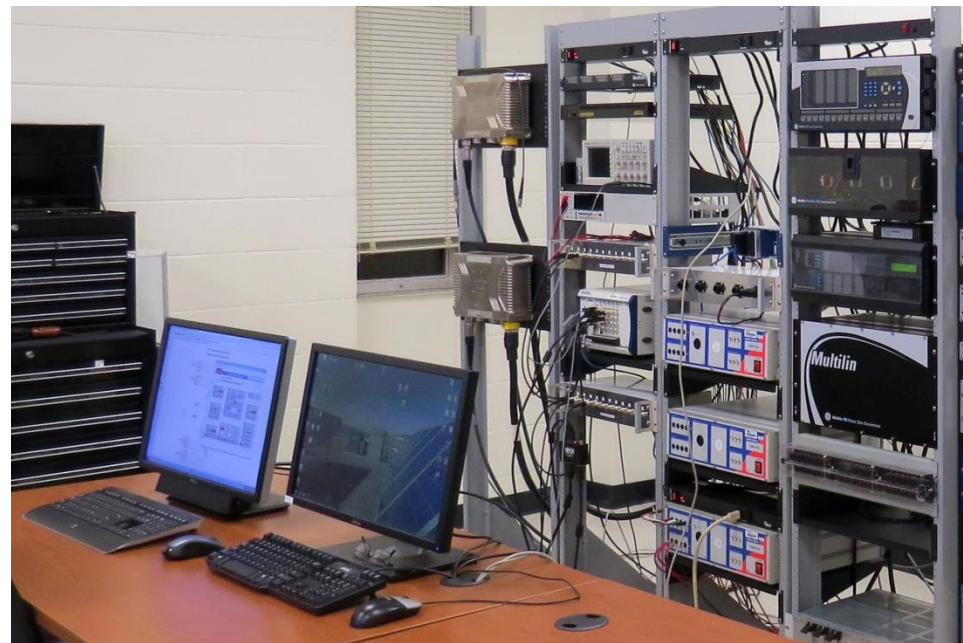
Laboratory Implementation

Experimental Setup Block Diagram

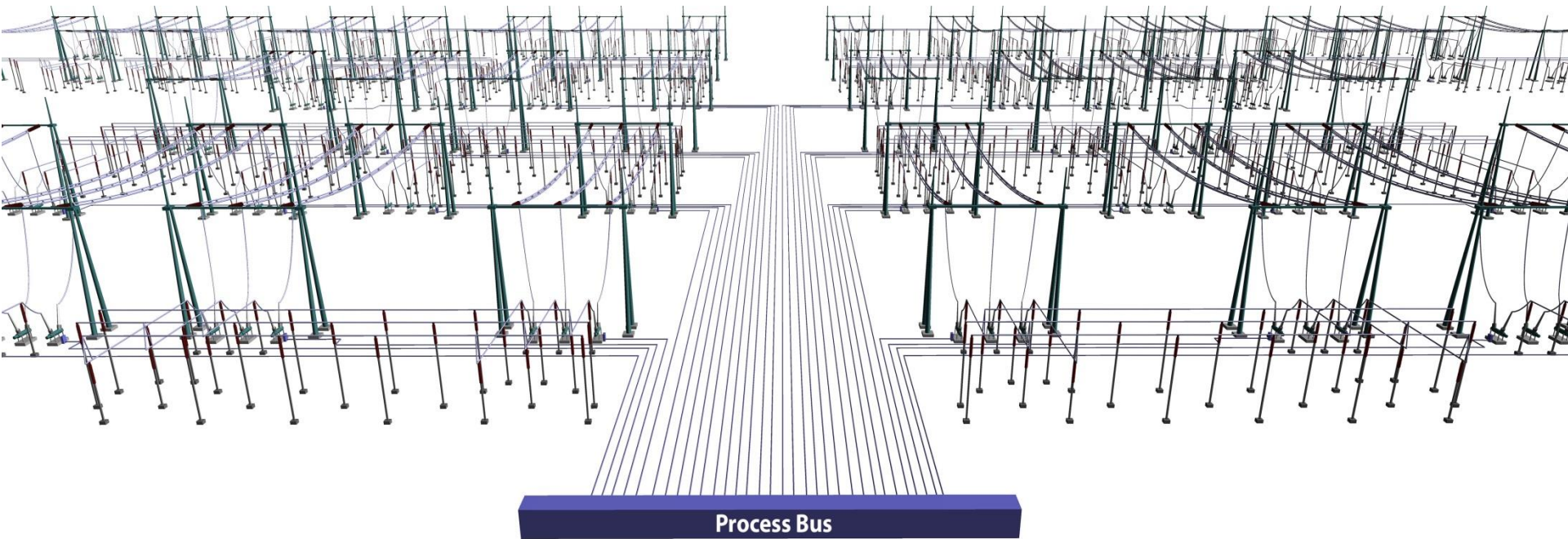


Experimental Setup

- Simulator / PC driven D/A Hardware (32 Chan.)
- Omicron Amplifiers (6)
- GE Hardfiber Merging Units (2)
- Reason MU (1)
- Siemens MU (2)
- Protection PC with Optical Network Interface & IRIG-B Receiver
- Arbiter GPS Clock with IRIG-B output



Planned Field Demonstrations

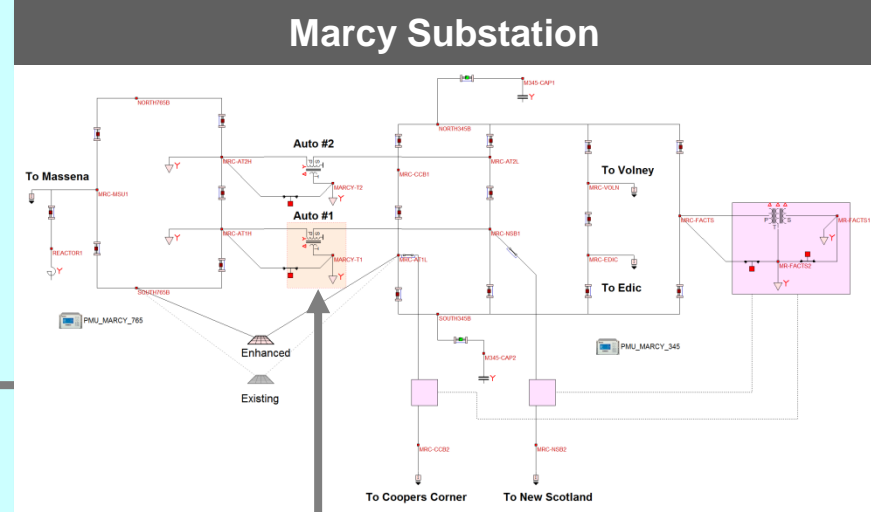
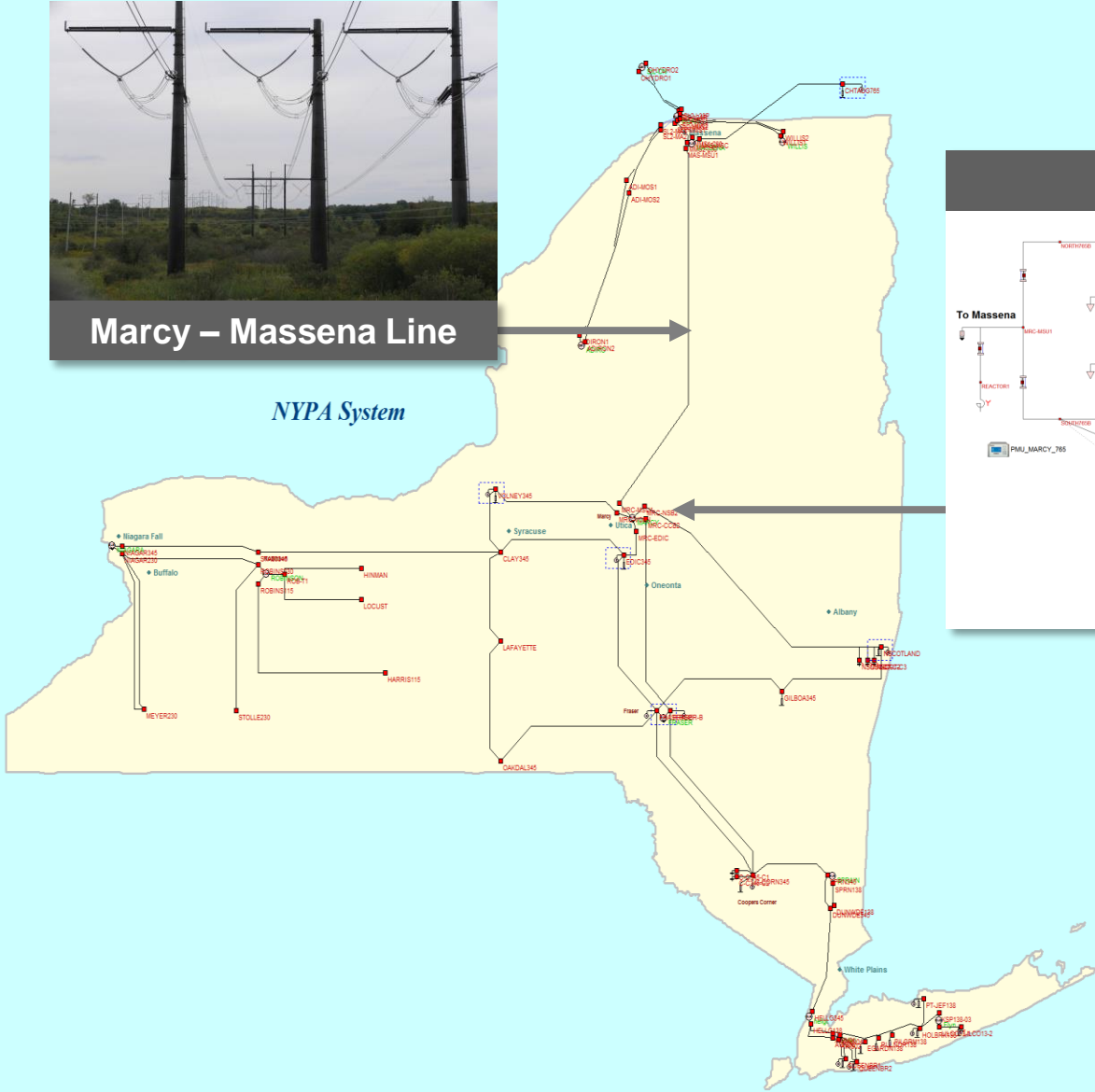


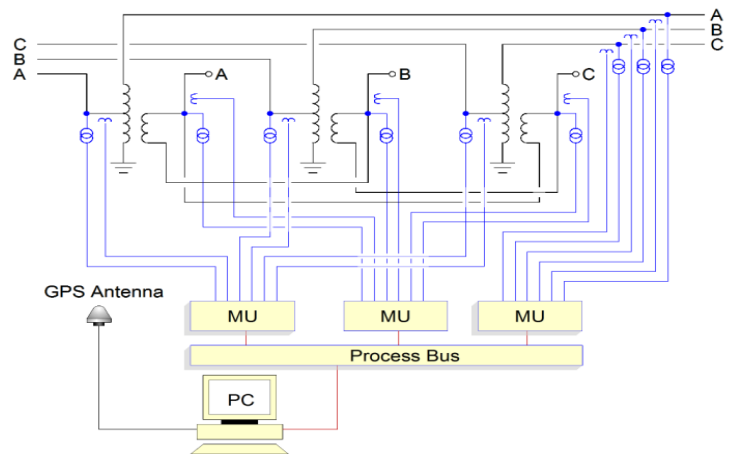
Field Demonstration on NYPA System



Marcy – Massena Line

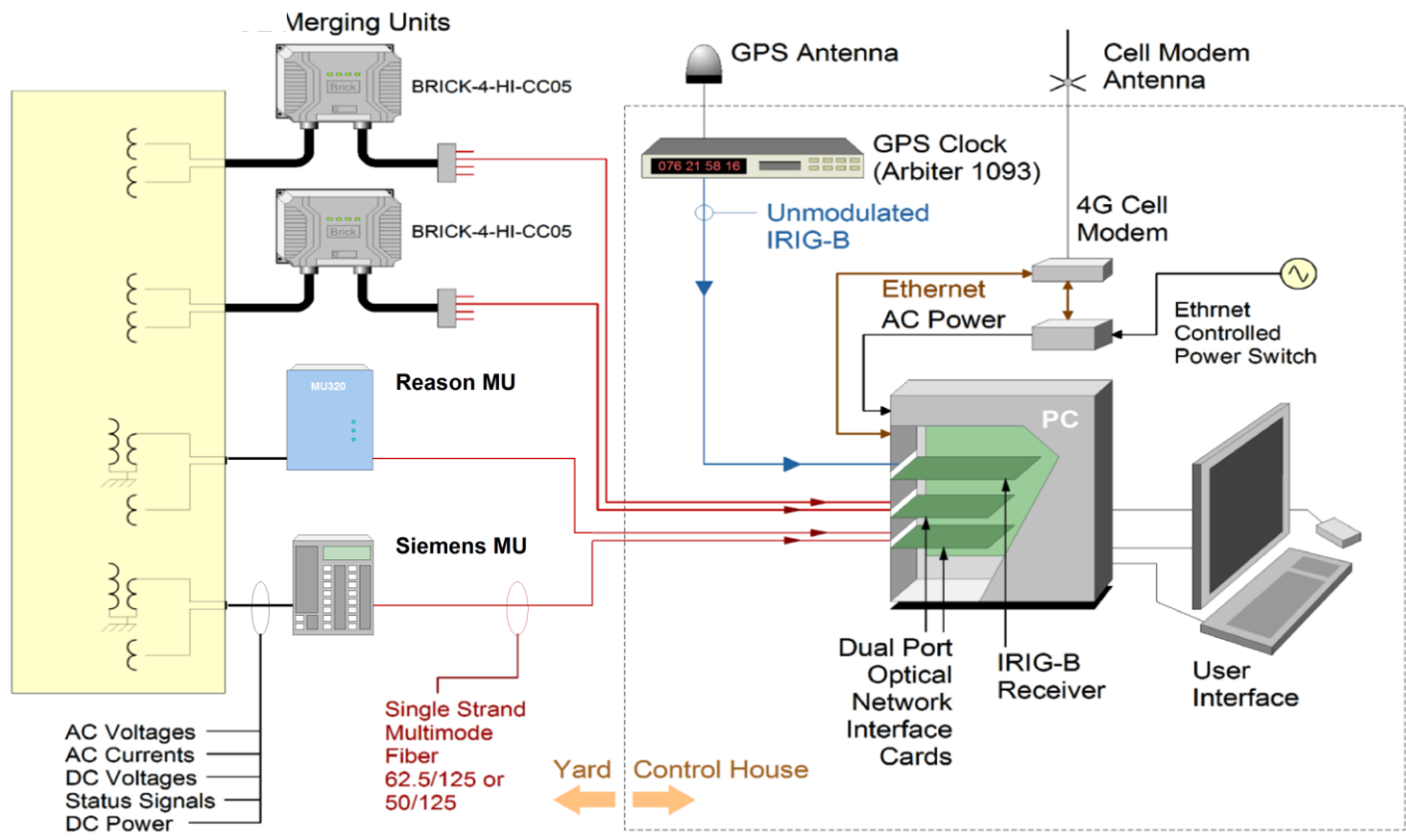
NYPA System





Conceptual Implementation on a 765/345/13.8 kV Autobank

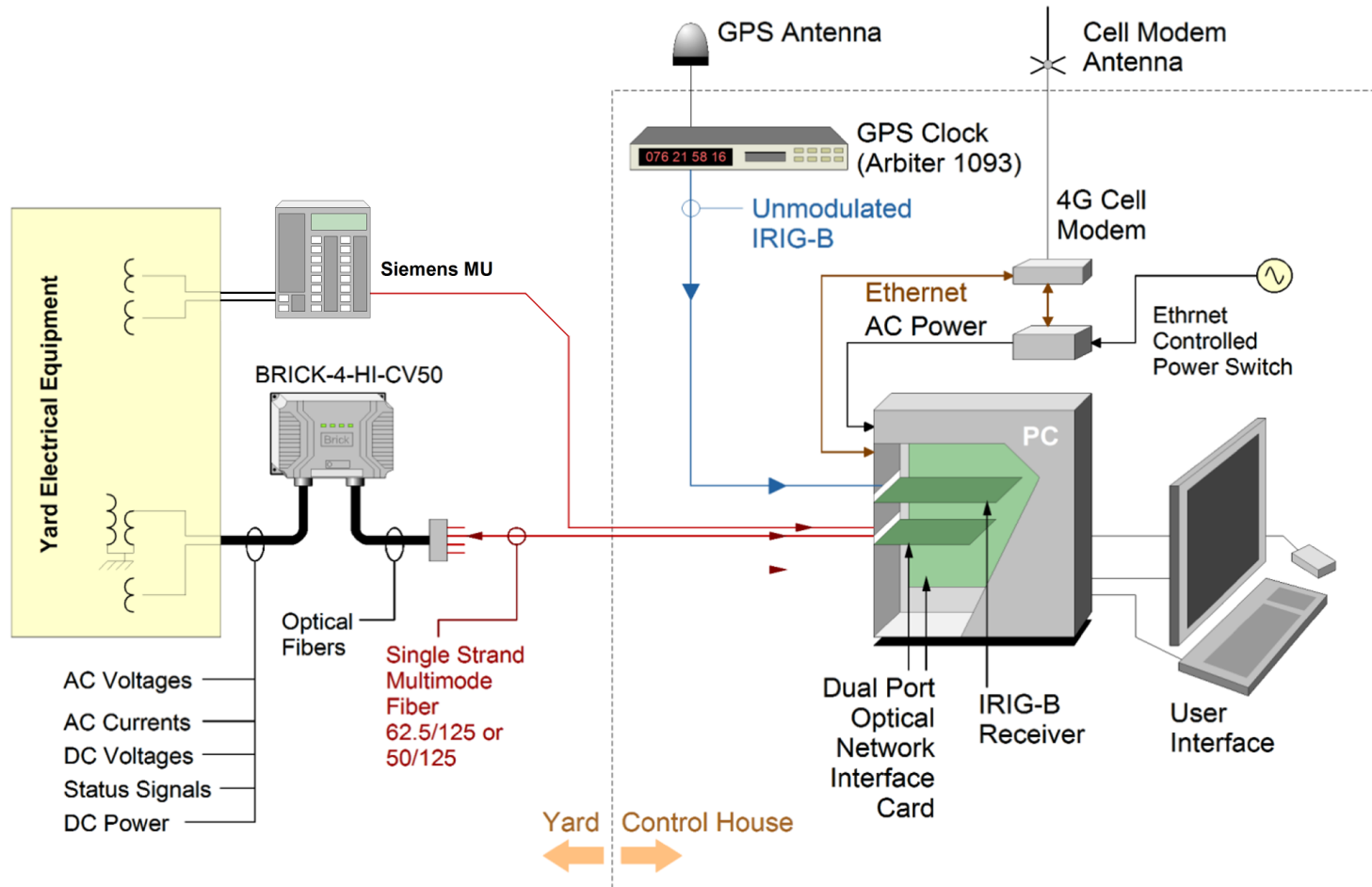
Selected Hardware



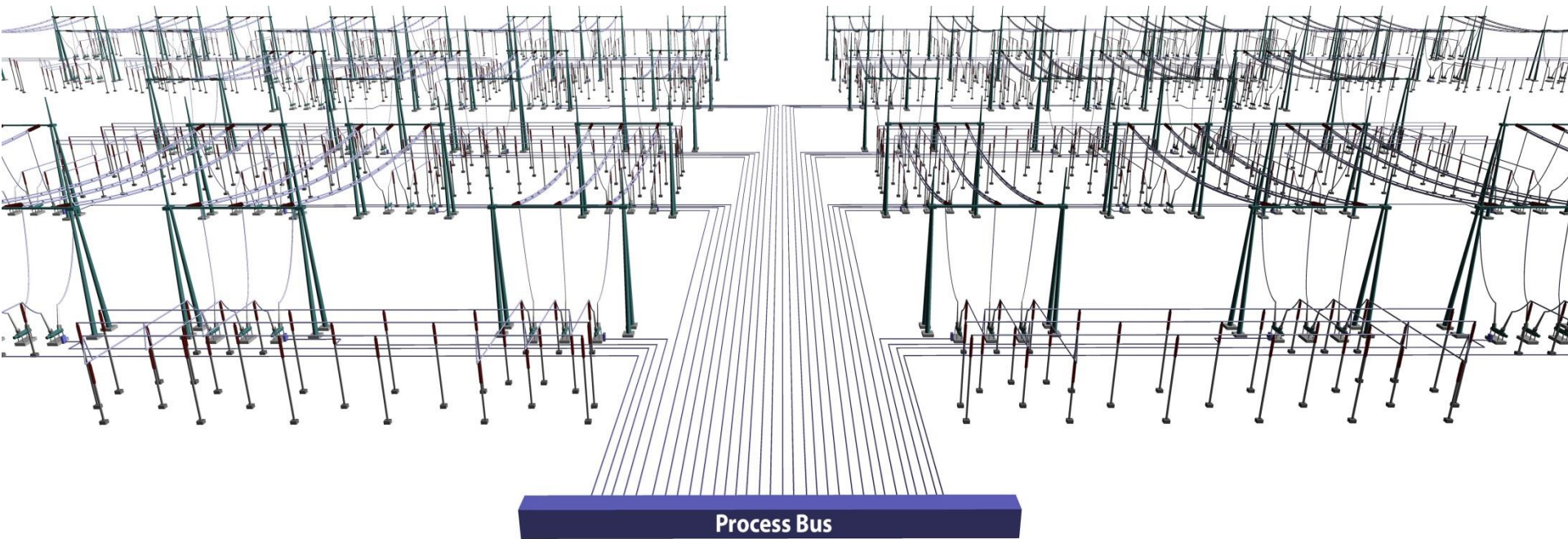
Conceptual Implementation on a 765 kV Line



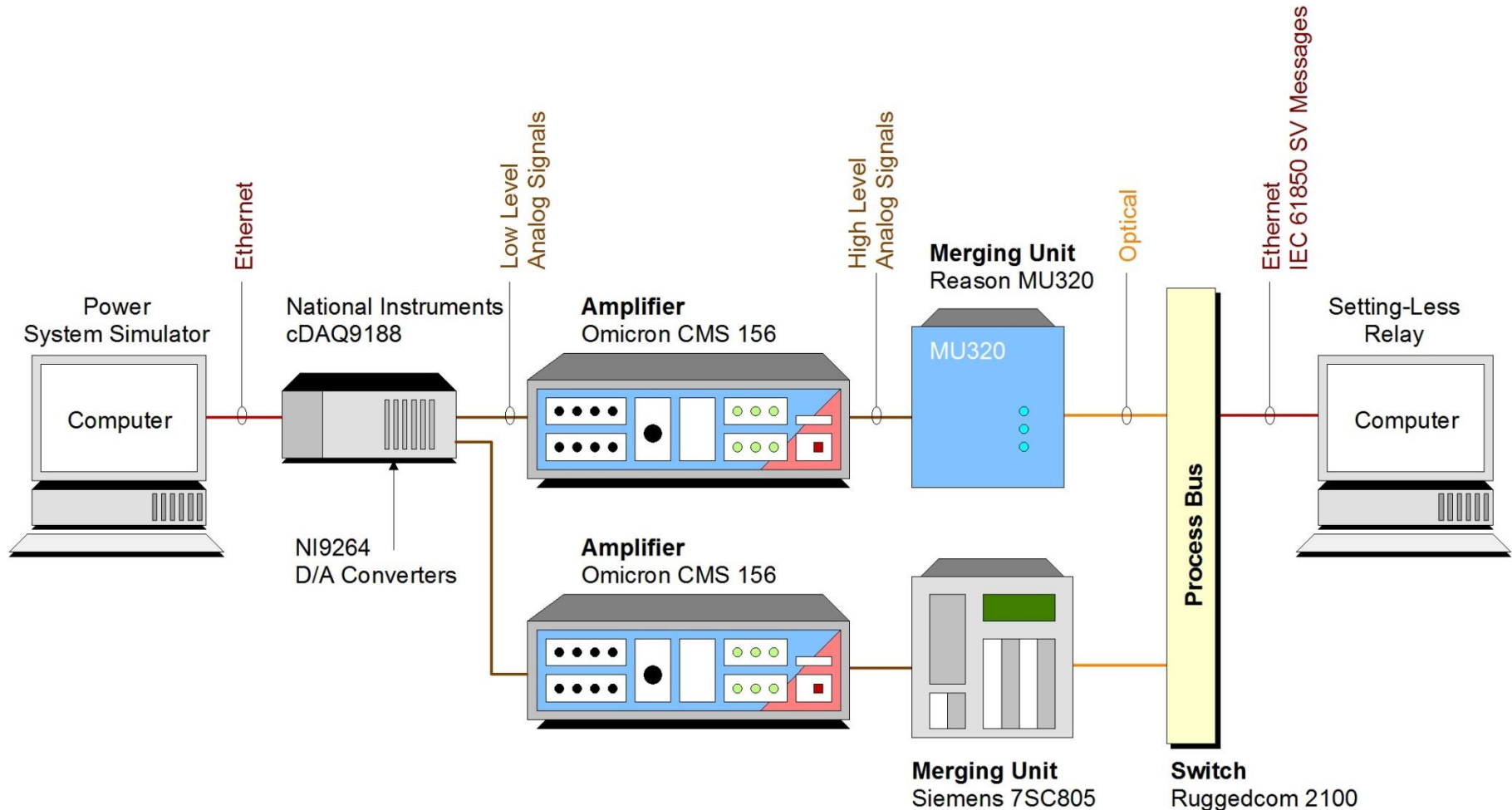
Selected Hardware



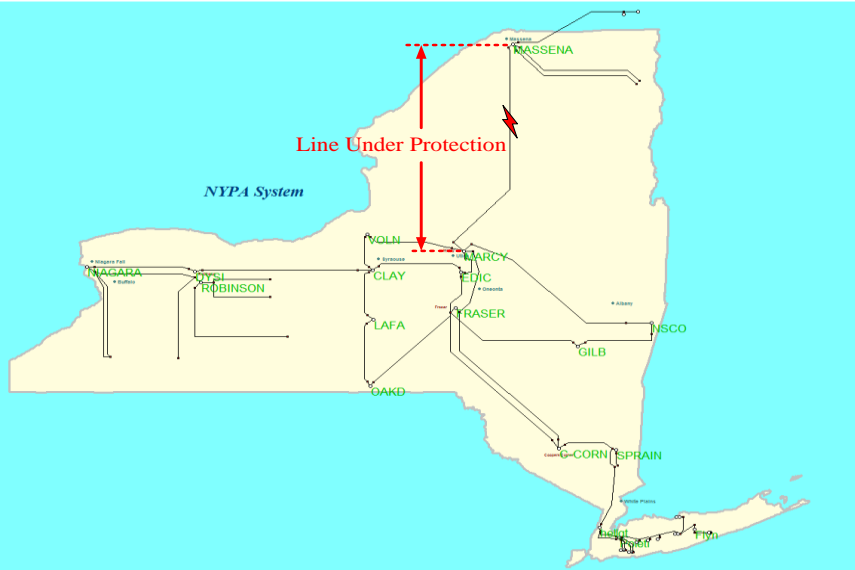
Setting-Less Protection MSU Line Testing



Laboratory Setup for Demonstration



MSU Line Internal Fault

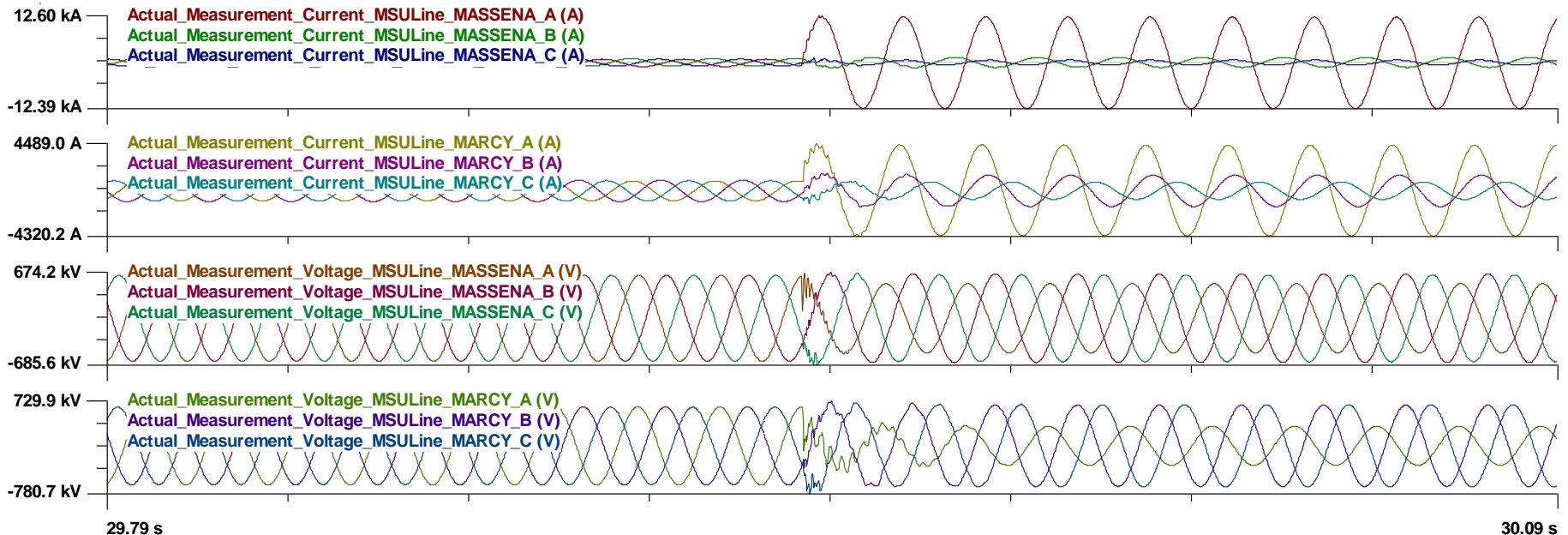


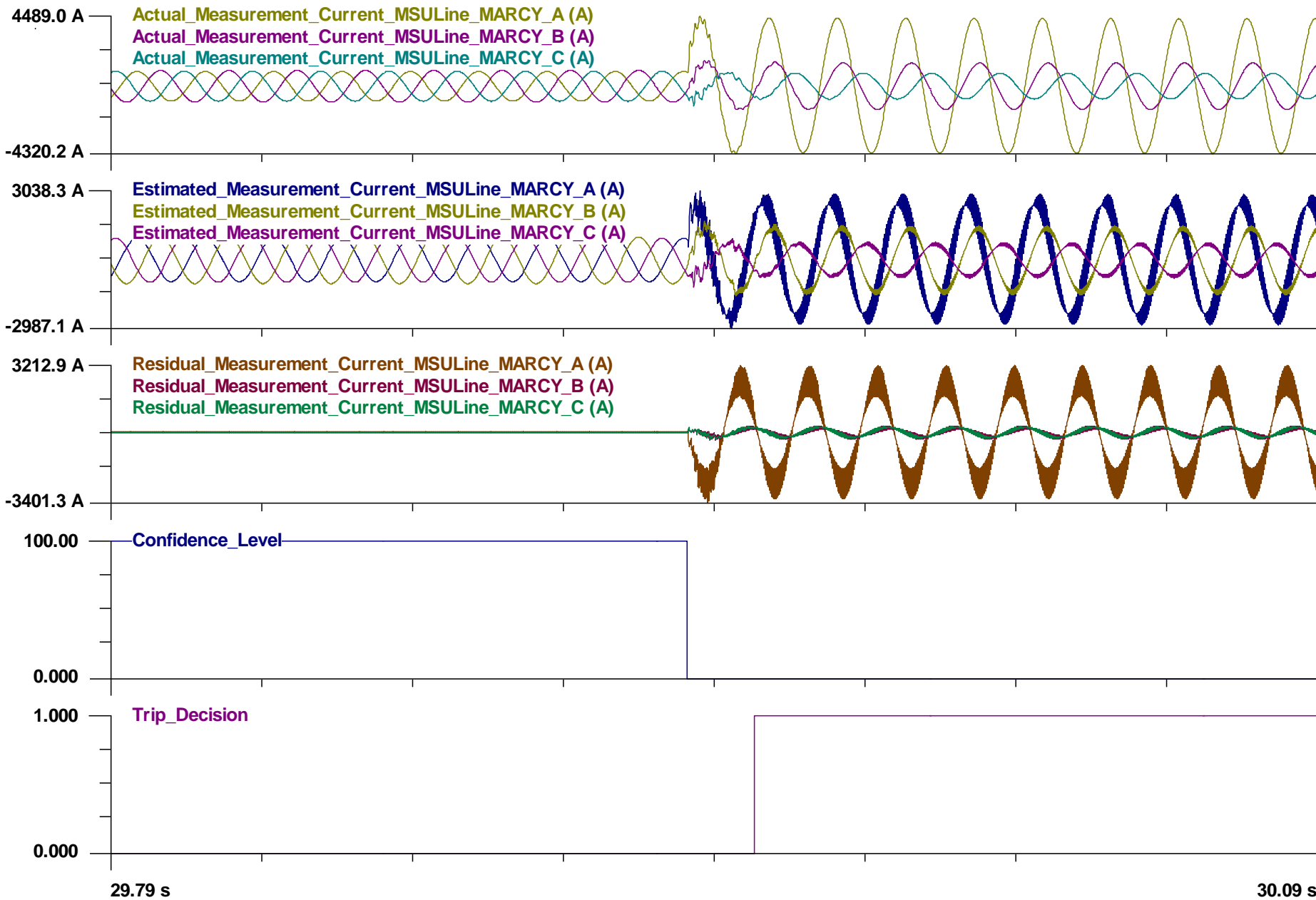
Fault Description

- Fault occurs at $t = 29.94$ s
- Phase A to Neutral fault
- 50 miles from MASSENA

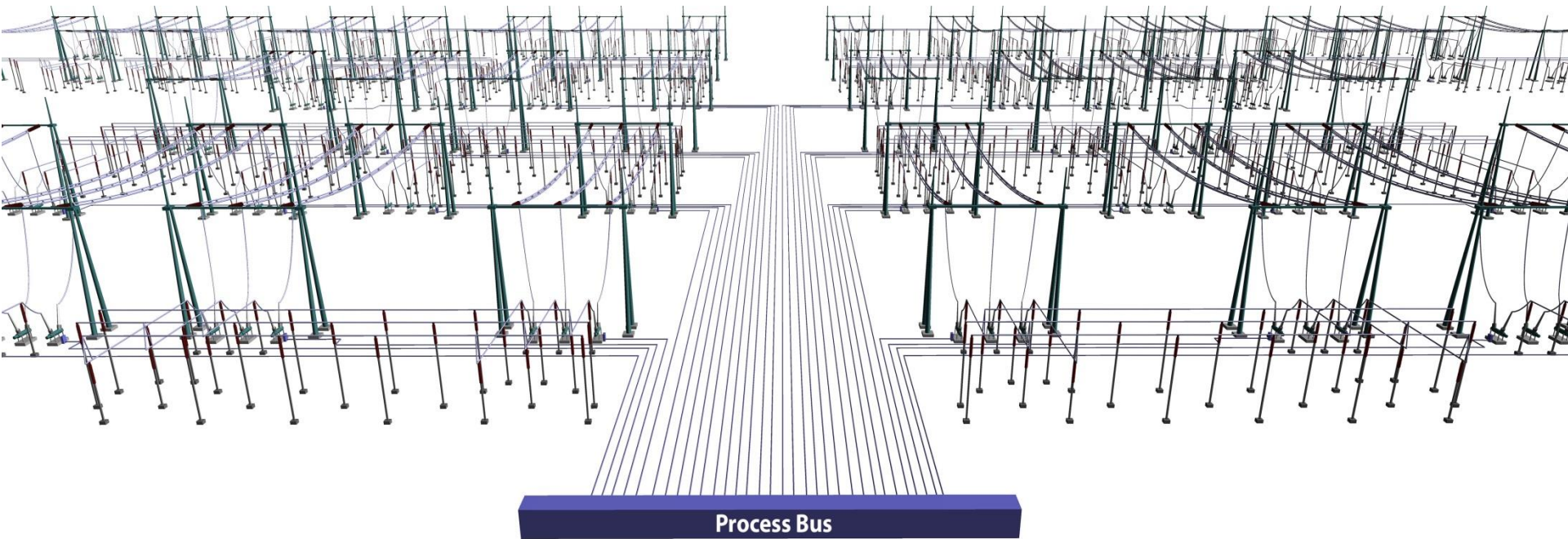
Measurements

- Three phase voltages and currents at both terminals of line



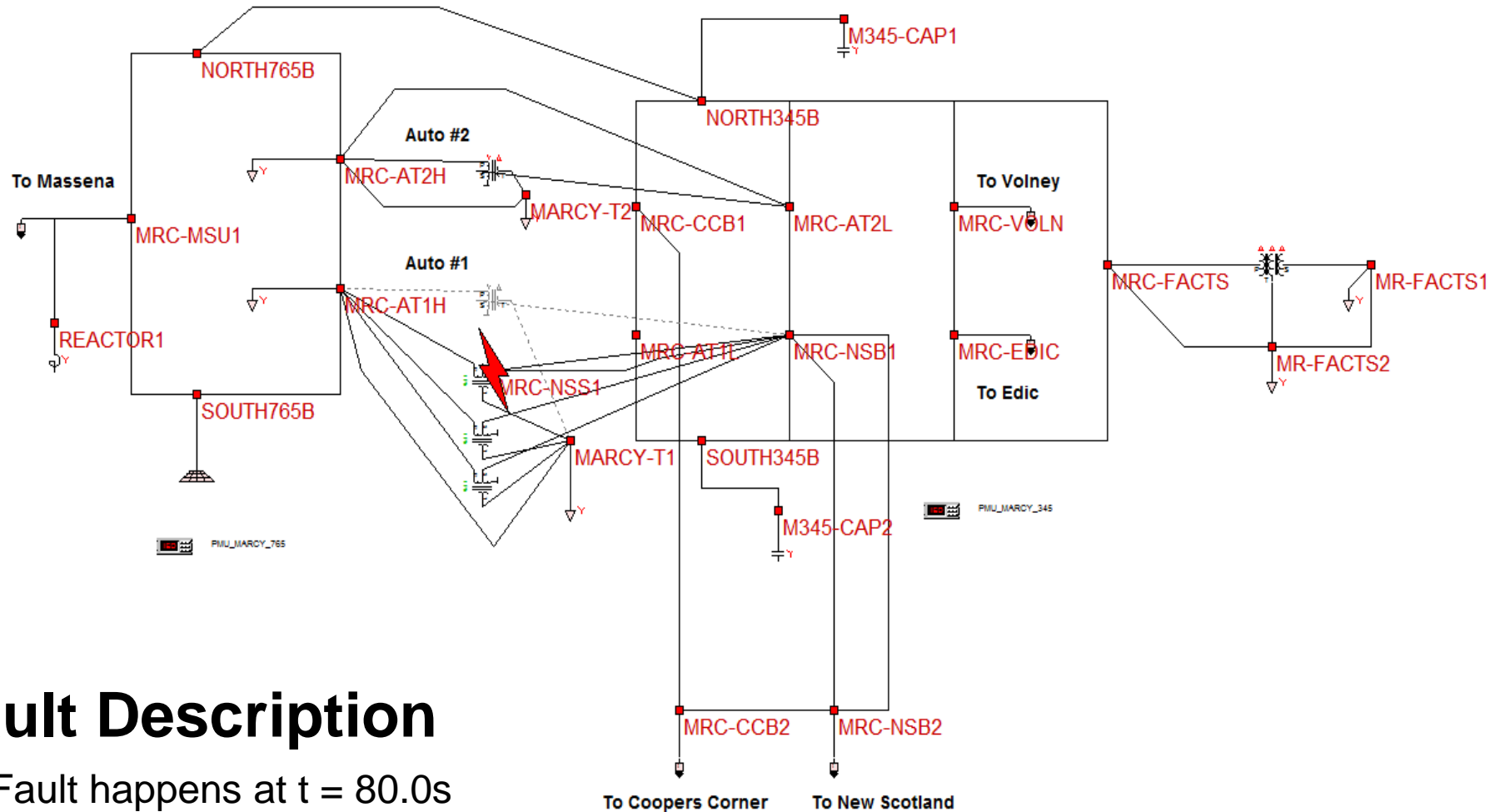


Setting-Less Protection AutoBank 1 Testing



AutoBank Terminal High Impedance Fault

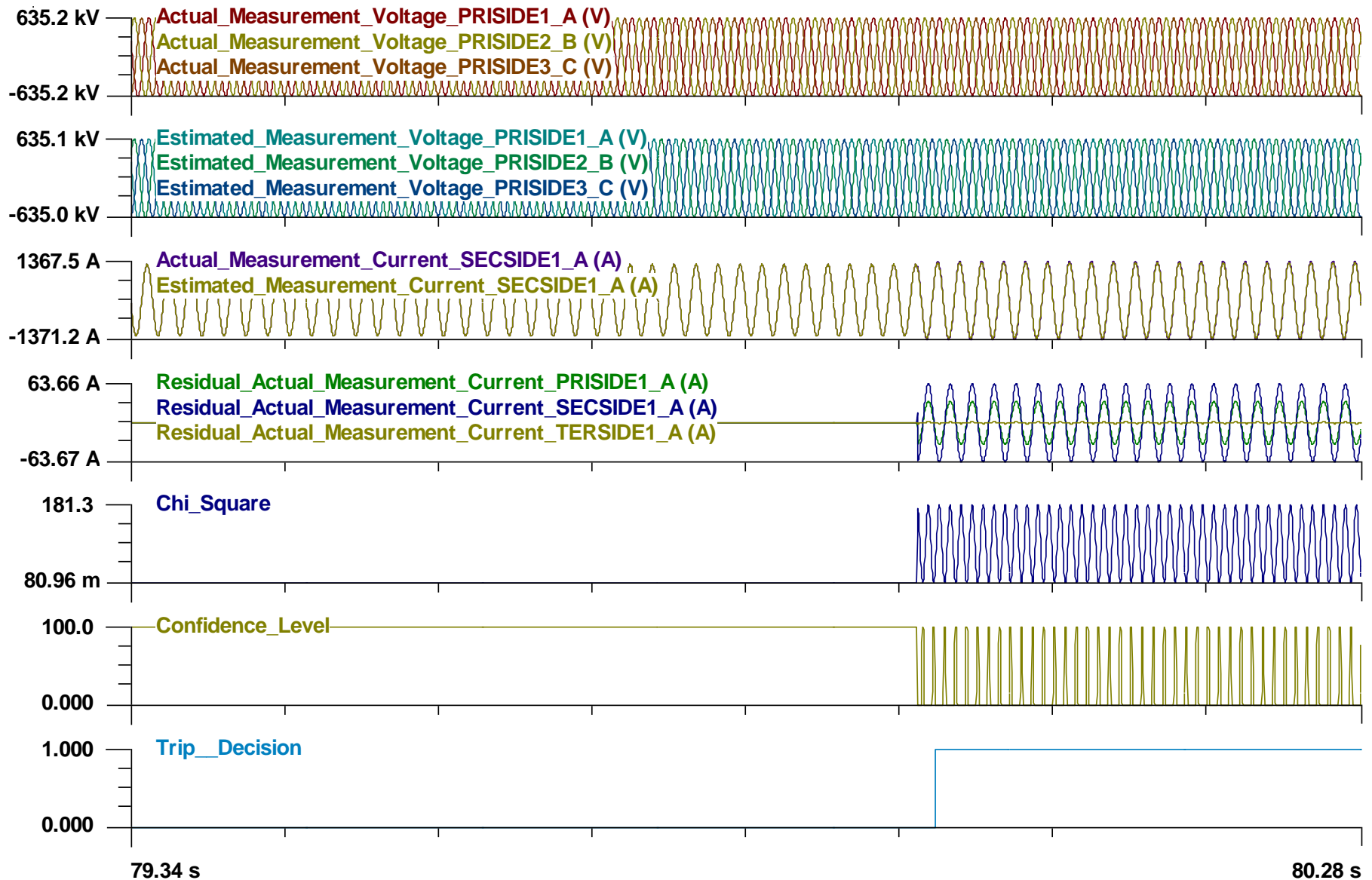
Marcy Substation



Fault Description

- Fault happens at $t = 80.0s$
- At secondary terminal phase A-N
- Fault impedance is 4k Ohms

AutoBank Terminal High Impedance Fault



Setting-Less Protection

New Method Based on Sampled Values

Sub-millisecond Fault Detection

Best Implementation with Merging Units

GPS Synchronization is a Requirement

Much more Sensitive than Legacy Methods

No Coordination Need with Other Functions

Acknowledgements

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