



PMU-based application for frequency response analysis and baselining

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North American SynchroPhasor Initiative Working Group Meeting March 23-24, 2015



Frequency Response



FERC defines in RM13-11:

"Frequency response is a measure of an Interconnection's ability to stabilize frequency immediately following the sudden loss of generation or load, and is a *critical component of the reliable operation* of the Bulk-Power System, particularly during disturbances and recoveries."

- The frequency response measure (FRM) can be computed from the single event frequency response data (SEFRD).
- FRM is expressed in MW/0.1Hz





► WECC

- Initial efforts to develop a Frequency Response Standard started in early 2000's
- WECC FRR White Paper was approved in 2004
- Two attempts to develop a WECC FRR Criterion failed in late 2000s
- NERC
 - FERC Technical Conference on Frequency Response in 2010
 - NERC Frequency Response Initiative led to the development of NERC BAL-003-1 Frequency Response Standard
 - FERC approved BAL-003-1 Reliability Standard, implementation date is April 1, 2015





Design Event should not result in under frequency load shedding (UFLS)

Table 11: Recommended Resource Contingency Protection Criteria									
Interconnection	Resource Contingency	Basis	MW						
Eastern	Largest Resource Event in Last 10 Years	August 4, 2007 Disturbance	4,500						
Western	Largest N-2 Event	2 Palo Verde Units	2,740'						
ERCOT	Largest N-2 Event	2 South Texas Project Units	2,750'						

- Western Interconnection Frequency Response Obligation (IFRO) is about 950 MW per 0.1 Hz at settling frequency (point B)
- IFRO is prorated among Balancing Authorities (BAs) based on annual load and generation
- BAs are responsible for providing frequency response,
 - BA frequency response measure (FRM) is measured as change in BA interchange over the delta frequency between initial and settling values
- Formation of Reserve Sharing Groups is permitted





 F_A = pre-disturbance frequency (average from -16 to 0 sec) F_B = settling frequency (average from 20 to 52 sec) F_C = minimum (nadir) frequency

> **NERC FRM: Frequency difference between Point A and Point B** LBNL Metrics: Frequency difference between Point A and Point C^{*}

BA FRM = (PINT_B - PINT_A + BA GEN LOSS) / (FA - FB)





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WECC IFRO ~950 MW per 01. Hz, WECC IFRM is trending ~ 1,400 to 1,600 MW per 0.1 Hz Response at nadir: required ~580 MW per 0.1 Hz, actual is about 800 MW per 0.1 Hz



Red dots – frequency response measured at point B (settling) using NERC FRM methodology

Blue diamonds – frequency response is measured at point C (nadir)





Response versus size of event: Small events do not extrapolate well to large Nadir measurement is more consistent, as it is driven by system physics



Red dots – frequency response measured at point B (settling) using NERC FRM methodology

Blue diamonds – frequency response is measured at point C (nadir)





- Developed under BPA guidance by PNNL
- Development is co-funded by US DOE and BPA
- Frequency response monitoring
 - Interconnection
 - Balancing Authority
 - Power Plant (Under development)
 - Individual Unit (Under development)
- Calculation NERC FRM using PMU and SCADA measurements
- Compliance reporting
- Baselining frequency response for interconnection and BA
- Supporting different data formats (csv, xml, OSIsoft PI, COMTRADE)
- Statistical Analysis



Graphical User Interface



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Performance Baseline











Interchange response is measured for compliance with NERC BAL-003-1 Generation response is calculated to determine how much frequency response to acquire





💇 Frequency Response Tool

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ents DataBa	se			-
Event Name	Date	Time	Disturbance	FRM NERG
Event 1	10/02/08	14:51:00	2000	1587.302
event 2	09/27/10	14:51:01	2000	1612.903
Event 3	07/03/13	11:00:00	2100	1680
Event 4	05/06/07	0:00:00	2000	1242.236
Event 5	05/06/09	5:00:00	2100	1304.348
Event 6	05/10/14	0:00:00	1506	1673.333
Event 7	05/10/12	10:25:00	1604	1865.116
Event 8	01/15/13	15:00:00	1050	1640.625
Event 9	03/02/14	0:00:00	1500	1304.348
Event 10	07/02/14	8:00:00	1600	1391.304
Event 12	07/10/09	11:21:15	1300	1140.351
Event 11	03/05/13	22:00:00	444	693.75
Event 13	01/22/10	15:31:00	2100	3088.235
Event 14	08/23/14	15:22:00	1400	2187.5

Baselining



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OSIsoft PI database support



- Read information from PI server
- Configurable presets
- Time-series aligning

🕽 PI Database Read	ler											
Read From PI												
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Automated report

















- Compare measurement based response vs. model based
- Generic models of units
 - TGOV (steam)







Computation of unit FRM





Power Plant Performance









Frequency response analysis tool

- Received high reviews from NERC Resource Subcommittee
- Presented at CIGRE, WECC and ERCOT working groups, and IEEE conferences
- BPA maintains the database of Western interconnection events going back to 2008
- Released under an open source license

FRAT web page: <u>https://svn.pnl.gov/FRTool</u>

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