Validation of IBR equivalent plant level PSCAD model using Synchrophasor measurements

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- Indian Grid
- Additional Transmission system for Renewables
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Indian Grid.. One of the World's Largest



National synchronous grid

Electricity consumption

Wind generation

Renewable Energy generation

b Hydro generation

Pumped storage capacity

Source: IEA Key World Energy Statistics 2020 & IHA 2020 Hydro Status Report (2018 data, 2019 provisional data).



Green Energy Corridor

Transmission system planned for major RE potential zones in

- Northern Region Western Region
- Southern Region

Planned transmission schemes considering

- Energy storage
- Hydro electric plants
- Green hydrogen production _____

Source: CEA, Transmission System for Integration of over 500 GW RE Capacity by 2030

Transmission System for Integration of over 500 GW RE Capacity ~ 2030

Planned <u>additional</u> transmission systems of

- 8120 ckm of HVDC corridors
- 25,960 ckm of 765 kV AC lines
- 15,758 ckm of 400 kV AC lines
- 1052 ckm of 220 kV cables

#Map not to scale *Locations and placement of RE resources & transmission lines are only for illustration

Western Regional (WR) Grid of India

#Map not to scale

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West Morel d'salargesti RoElpark

Khavd

#Map not to scale *Locations and placement of RE resources & transmission lines are only for illustration -https://ornatesolar.com/news

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• 50% of All India 765 kV lines are in WR

WR is Vital highway forenergytransmissionotherRegionalgridsofIndia

World's largest RE park in Gujarat state, India • Support Bidirectional flows 30 GV 21 Clean during ~ piealexd 6 meansed and RE generation

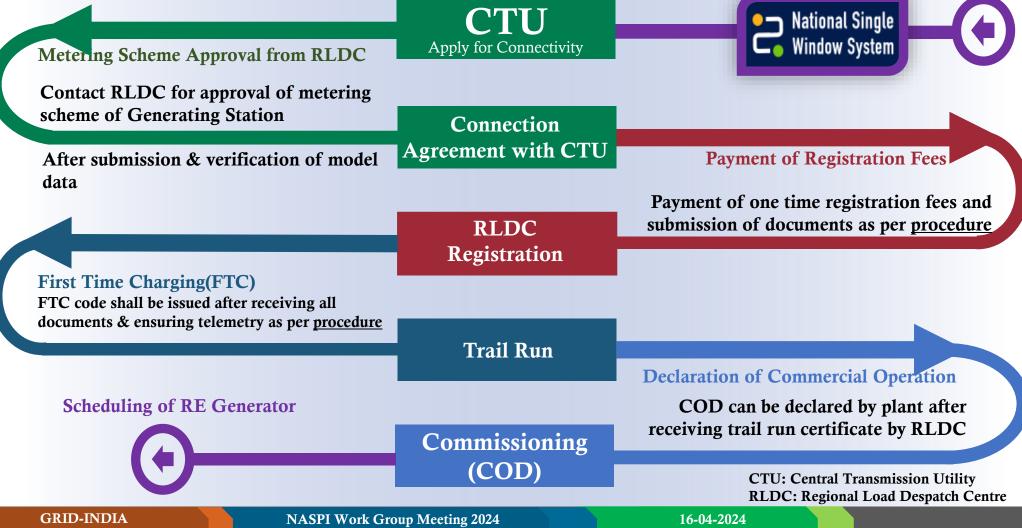


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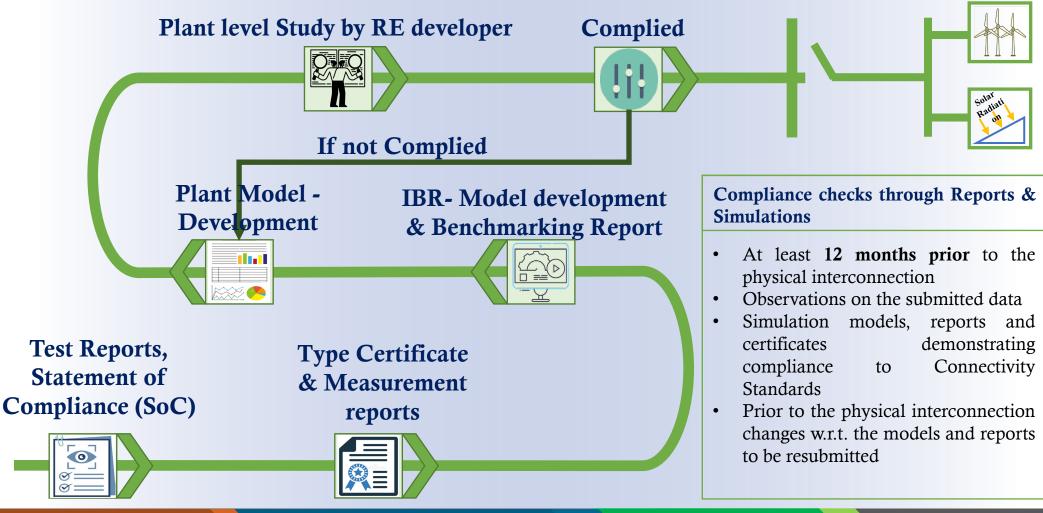
Area of 726 square kilometers

• Installed capacity: 141 GW Comparable to Size of Singapore

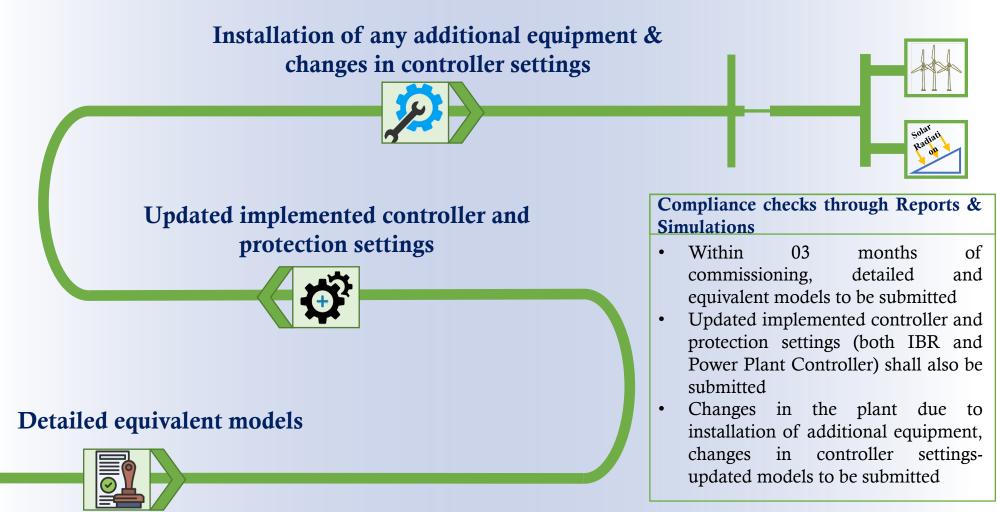
Grid Integration Process-RE Generator



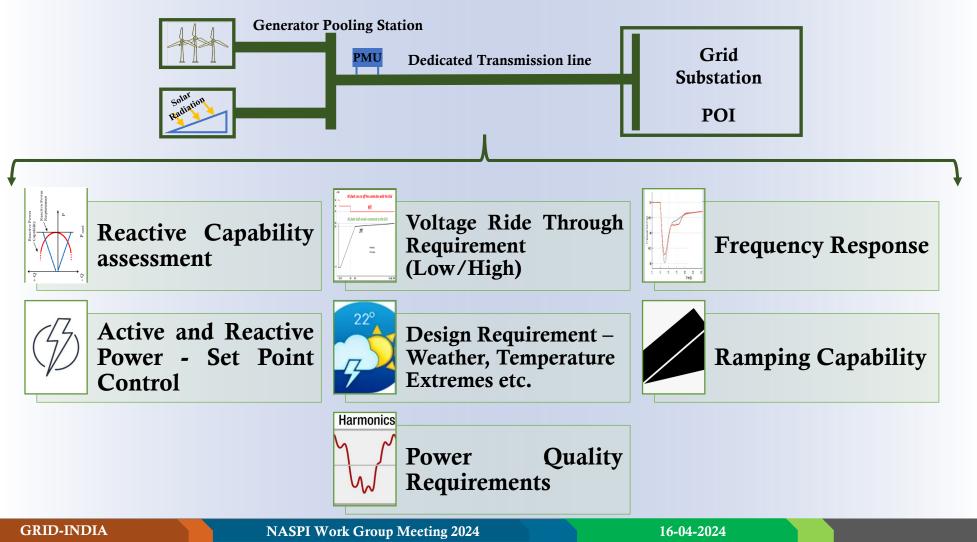
Verification of Model Data-Pre Commissioning



Verification of Model Data-Post Commissioning



Compliance Checks on Models

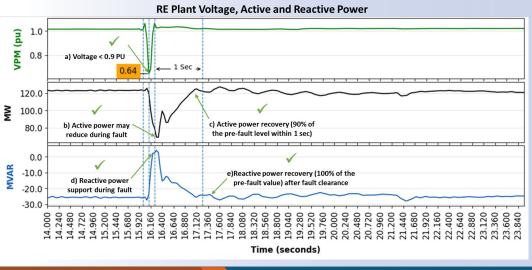


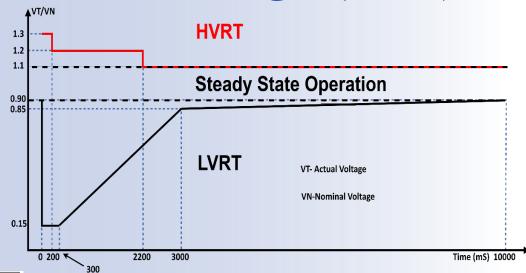
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Compliance Check-Fault Ride Through (FRT)

Low Voltage Ride Through (LVRT): Shall remain connected to the grid when voltage dips, supply reactive power, active power may reduce for specified time period

High Voltage Ride Through (HVRT): Shall remain connected to the grid when voltage swells for specified time & support to grid.



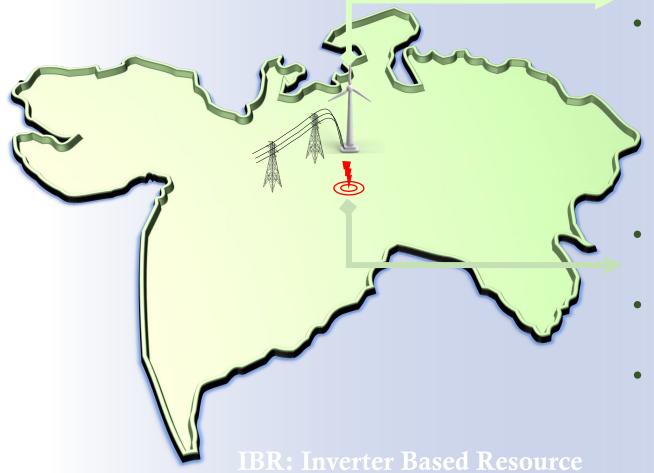


During fault ride through priority is

- 1. Reactive power
- 2. Active power
- 3. Revival just after fault to pre fault

conditions in specified time

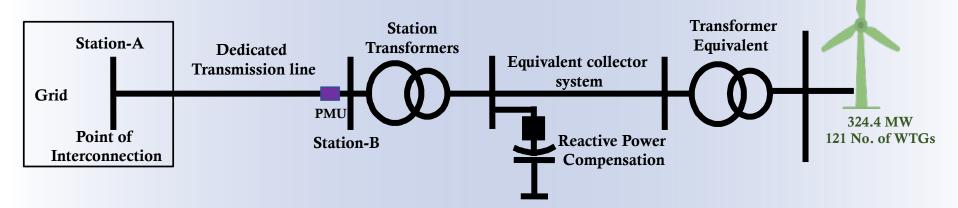
Validation of IBR Plant

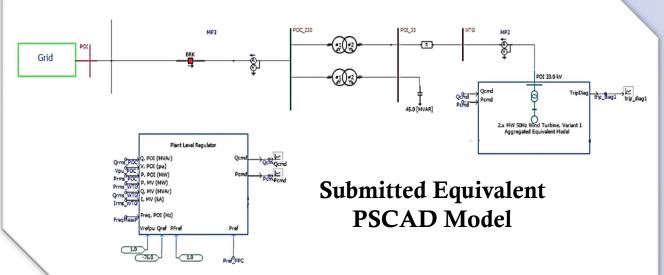


- 324.4 MW of Wind Plant
- Interconnected with grid via single 220 kV transmission line

- Event at nearby sub-station (L-G fault)
 - Voltage ~0.86 PU at Wind Plant
- Validation of submitted PSCAD simulation model

Validation of PSCAD Simulation Model

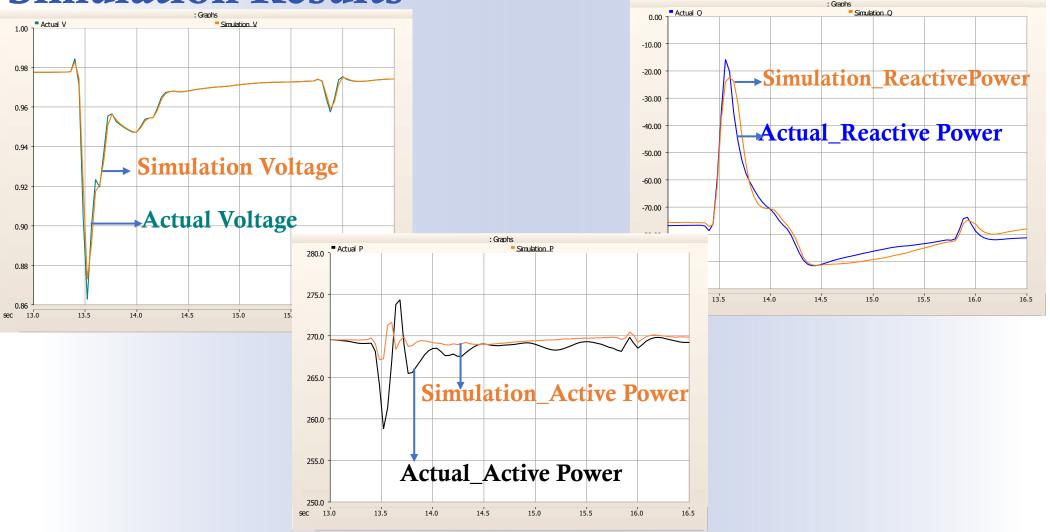




Event at nearby sub-station

- Voltage: 0.86 PU at 220 kV Station-B
- 220 kV station-B represented as grid with three phase voltage source
- Input to voltage source-PMU data at station-B.
- Initial conditions: P_SET-270 MW, Plant operated in constant Q-mode (76 MVAR absorption) & capacitor bank kept ON

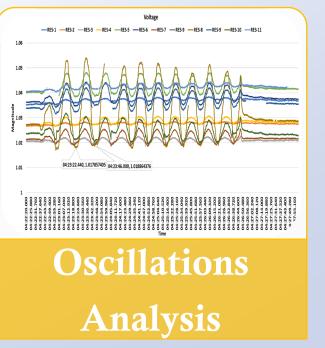
Simulation Results

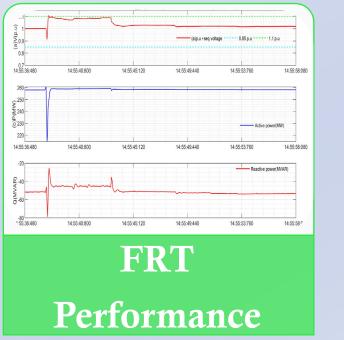


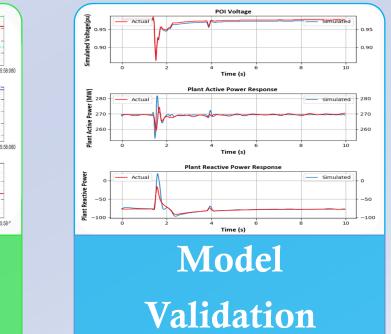
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PMU Data for IBR Performance







- Observations
 - Lack of Inverter level data
 - Multiple RE plants sharing the same evacuating line
 - RE power from wind farms and solar farms is evacuated through same evacuating lines
 - Lack of high-resolution data-Reporting rate: 40ms

Conclusions

Submitted model represents the actual performance of the plant with slight variations

Conducting plant-level testing is not feasible. Instead, validation of plant performance using PMU data or event log data during events is preferable.

Validating actual performance supports the tuning of parameters to improve plant performance Difference in actual and simulation responses are due to reactive power support from the plant and individual IBR to terminal voltage vary

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Thank You

