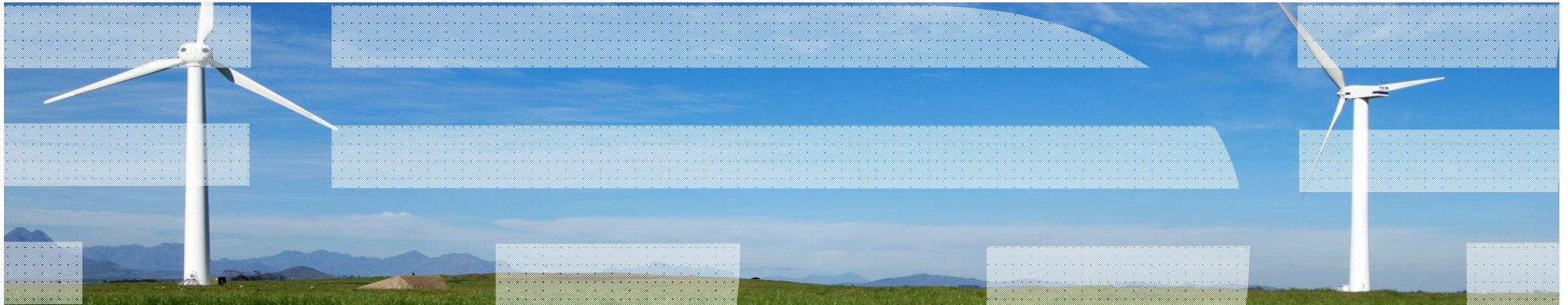


# Discovering Geomagnetic Disturbance Patterns for Synchronphasor-based Event Prediction in Québec: A Knowledge-based approach to Understanding PMU Data

*NASPI/ISGAN International Synchronphasor Symposium – March 2016*



IREQ, Hydro-Québec: Luc Cauchon, Sebastien Guillon (HQ), Martin De Montigny, Innocent Kamwa  
IBM Research: Chumki Basu, Manikandan Padmanaban

## Agenda

- **Introduction: Situational awareness for the power grid**
- **Brief history of wide-area measurements at Hydro-Québec (SMDA)**
- **Overview of Wide-Area Situational Awareness System (WASA)**
- **Advanced capabilities of WASA**
- **References**

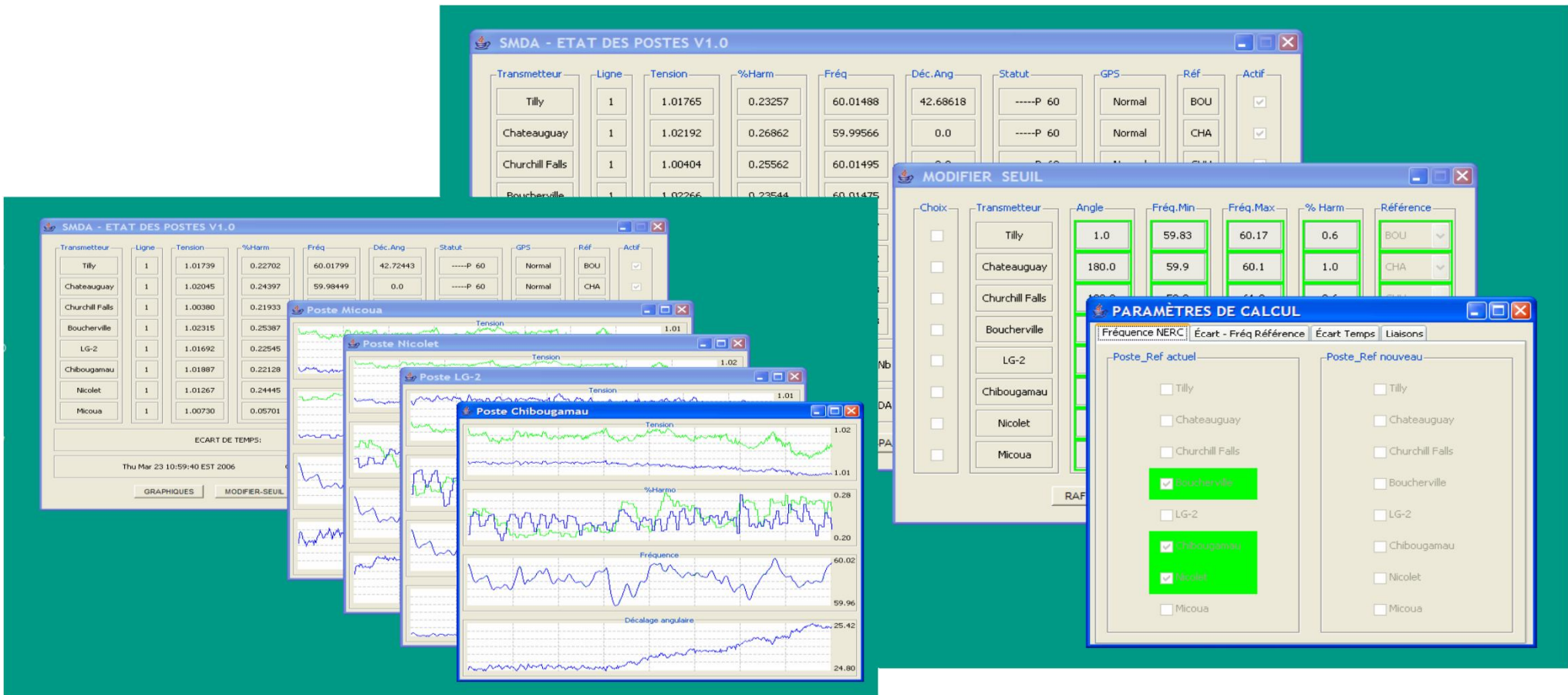
## Situational awareness for the power grid

- **Since 2012, Hydro-Québec and IBM Research have been collaborating on *in situ* network of synchrophasors (WASA)**
- **But first, let's review how it all began with SMDA**
  - HQ was the pioneer in angle shift measurement system (wide-area measurements)

## Hydro-Québec leadership in PMU space (1976-2004)

Year (version)	Synchronizing Signal (Accuracy)	# of PMUs	Rate (Hz)	Data concentrator features
1976 (0.0)	LC (46 $\mu$ s) – 1 degree electrical angle	2	1	Custom database
1981 (3.0)	GEOS	3	30	4000 records possible
1988 (4.0)	IRIG-B (20 $\mu$ s)	4	60	1) Central unit on a HP-1000 computer. Visualization on a sun computer using a X-Windows based multi-users operating system 2) Voltage asymmetry computation 3) New “Raima” database with 10,000 records of angle and 600 records of voltage asymmetry
1991 (4.0)	IRIG-B (20 $\mu$ s)	8	60	4 more PMUs
1995 (4.0)	IRIG-B (20 $\mu$ s)	8	60	Computation of bus voltage harmonic content up to the 10th
1998 (4.1)	IRIG-B (20 $\mu$ s)	8	60	Continuous record up to 6 months
<b>2004 (5.0)</b>	<b>GPS (1 <math>\mu</math>s)</b>	<b>8 (10 in 2008)</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>Change from IREQ-made PMU to Macrodyne commercial PMU. Change from Raima to ORACLE database.</b>

# SMDA (version 5.0)



The screenshot displays the SMDA - ETAT DES POSTES V1.0 software interface. It features several overlapping windows:

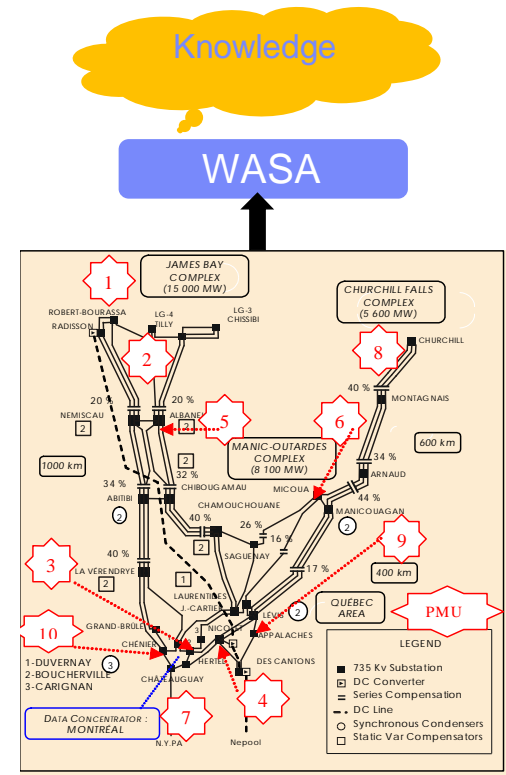
- SMDA - ETAT DES POSTES V1.0 (Main Table):** A table listing transmission stations with columns for Transmetteur, Ligne, Tension, %Harm, Fréq, Déc.Ang, Statut, GPS, Réf, and Actif.
 

Transmetteur	Ligne	Tension	%Harm	Fréq	Déc.Ang	Statut	GPS	Réf	Actif
Tilly	1	1.01765	0.23257	60.01488	42.68618	----P 60	Normal	BOU	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Chateauguay	1	1.02192	0.26862	59.99566	0.0	----P 60	Normal	CHA	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Churchill Falls	1	1.00404	0.25562	60.01495					
Boucherville	1	1.02266	0.23544	60.01475					
- MODIFIER SEUIL:** A window for setting thresholds for various parameters like Angle, Fréq.Min, Fréq.Max, and % Harm for selected stations.
- PARAMÈTRES DE CALCUL:** A window for configuring calculation parameters, including checkboxes for stations like Boucherville, Chibougamau, and Nicolet.
- Graphical Windows:** Multiple windows showing time-series plots for Tension, %Harm, Fréquence, and Décalage angulaire for specific stations like Poste Micoua, Poste Nicolet, Poste LG-2, and Poste Chibougamau.

Acquisition Unit Administration and Monitoring

## WASA system installed at IREQ

- We envision WASA system to be the future SMDA
- Advanced data concentrator features
  - High-throughput, low-latency data acquisition using stream computing platform
  - Real-time event detection
  - Tools for visual analytics
  - Real-time correlation analysis and early warning
- Integrated system that supports decision making from raw PMU data
  - Current industry state-of-the-art is more focused on monitoring than decision-making
- WASA will provide prediction models for GMD events
- Applying cognitive techniques
  - Infer knowledge (e.g., about complex events) based on PMU measurements
  - Create abstraction model of granular sensor data reported by PMUs
  - Develop a cognitive model of the grid operator, engineer or analyst

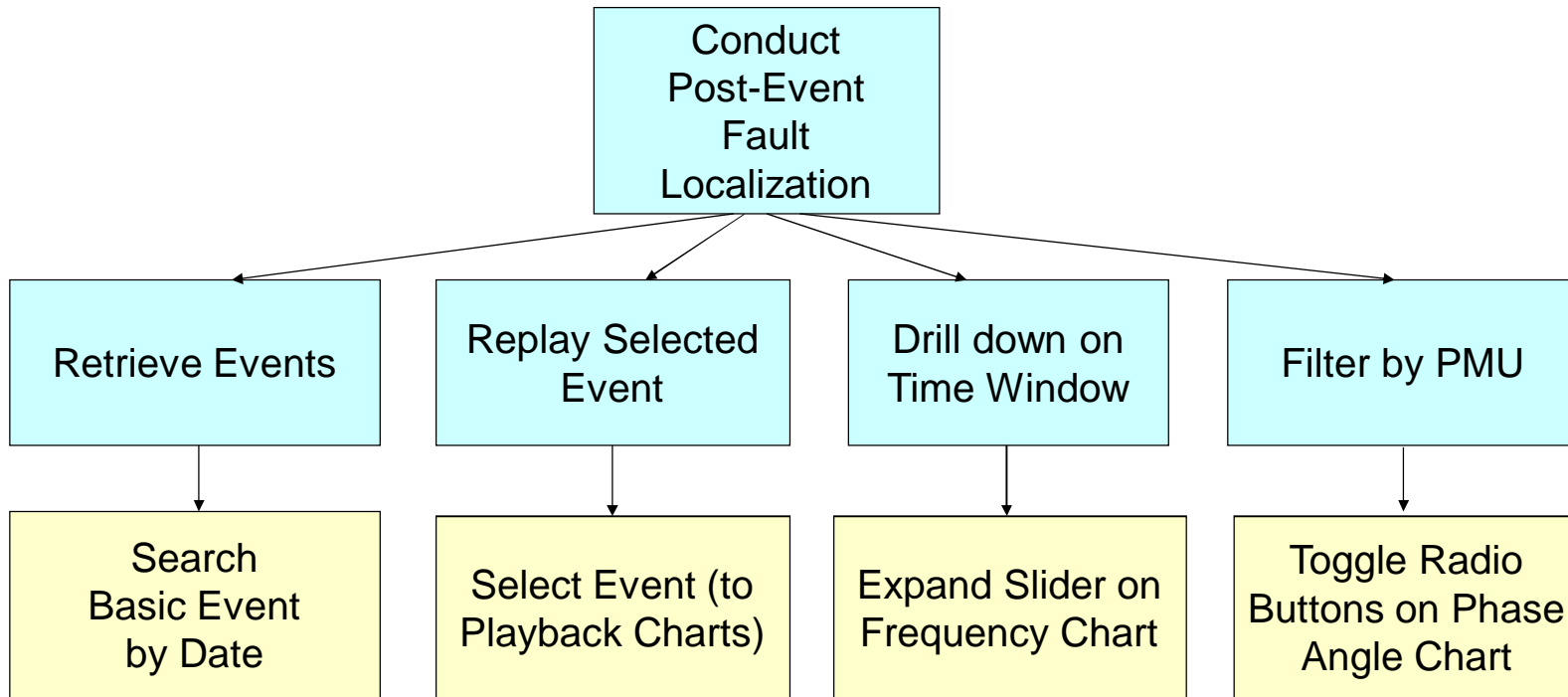


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## Advanced capabilities of WASA

1. **Localize fault for a complex event by drilling down on PMU data**
2. **High-level summarization of grid data**
3. **Generate early warnings for geomagnetic disturbances (GMDs)**

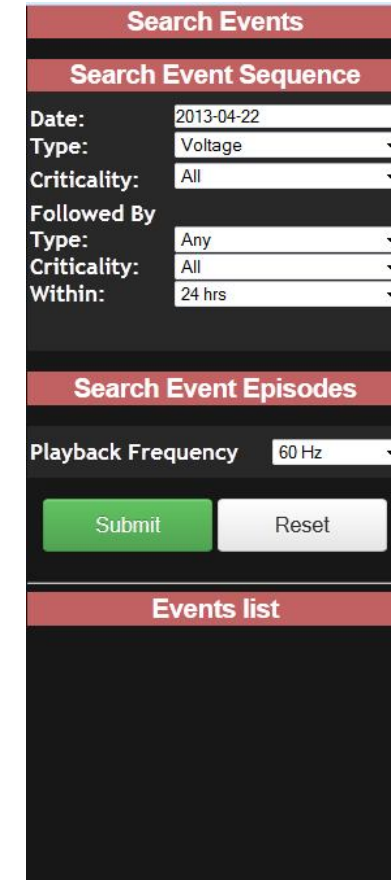
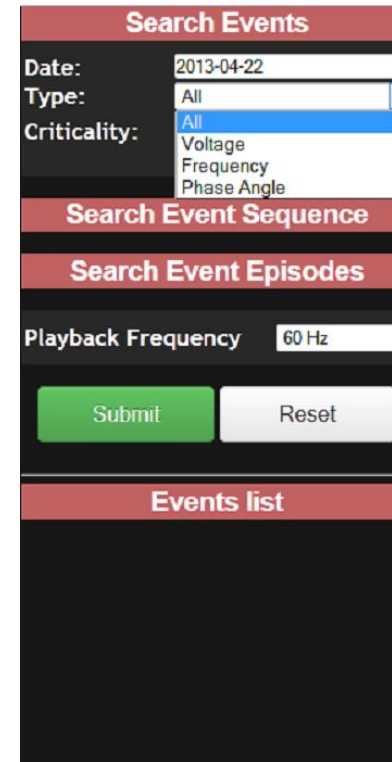
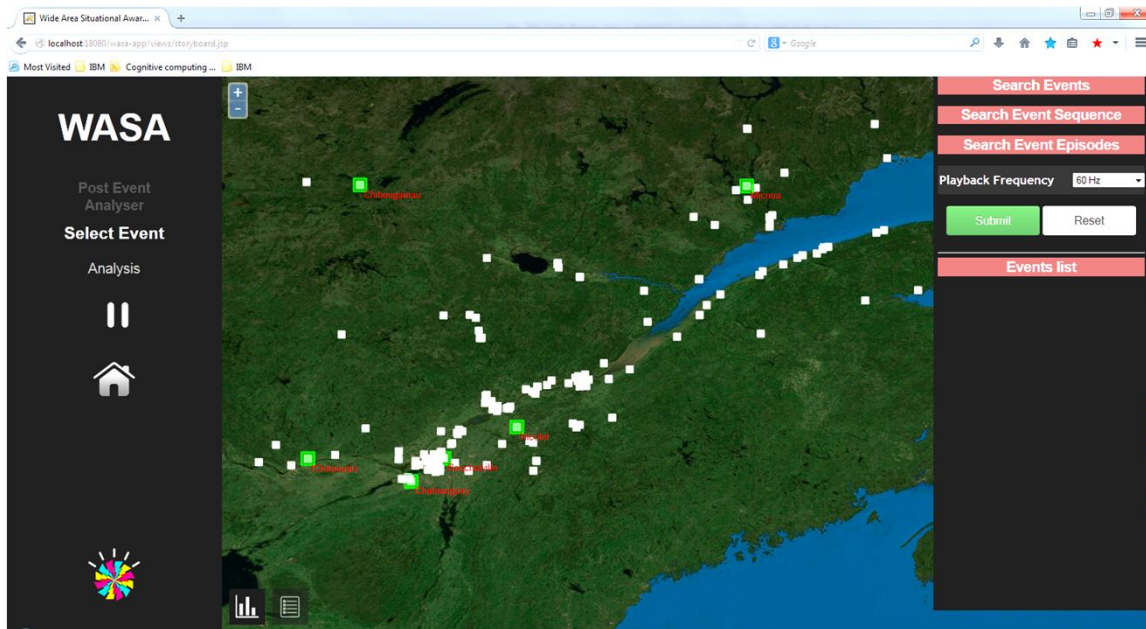
## Capability 1 – Post-event fault localization in the control room



*Leaf-level boxes in cognitive task analysis chart above are associated with user "actions" in WASA system.*

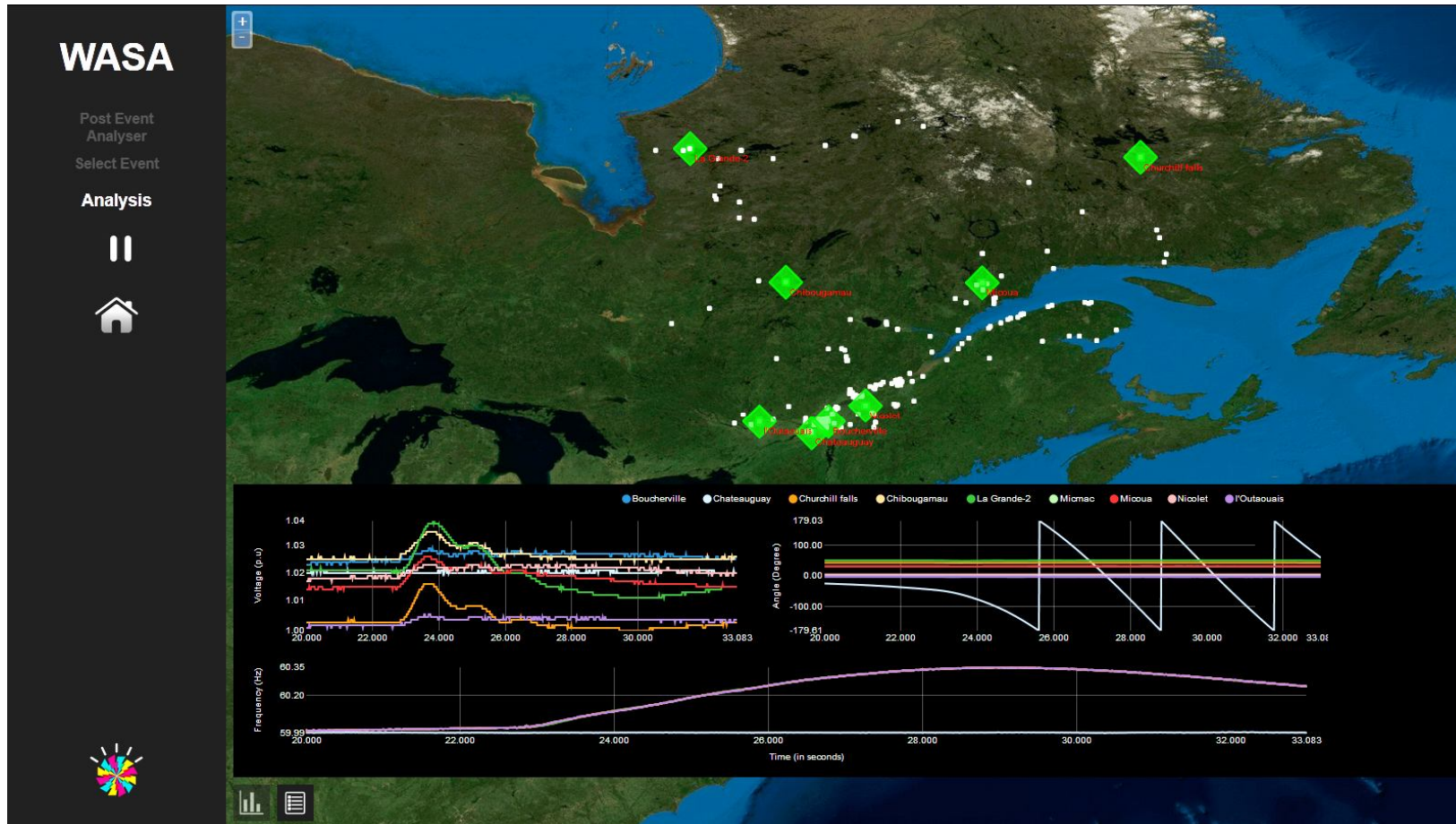


# Capability 1 – Search events



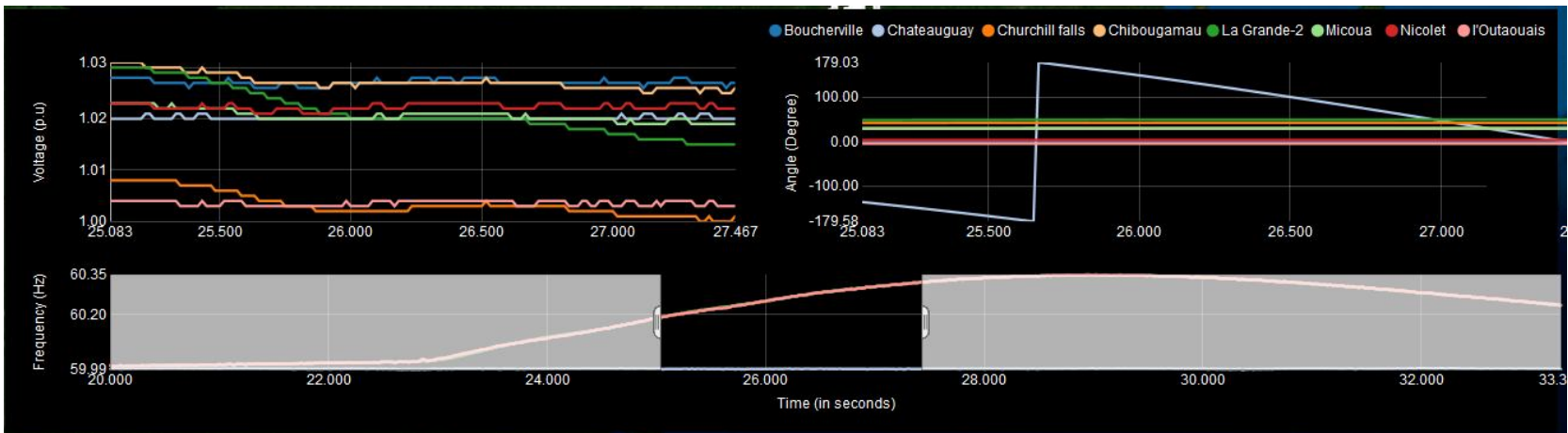
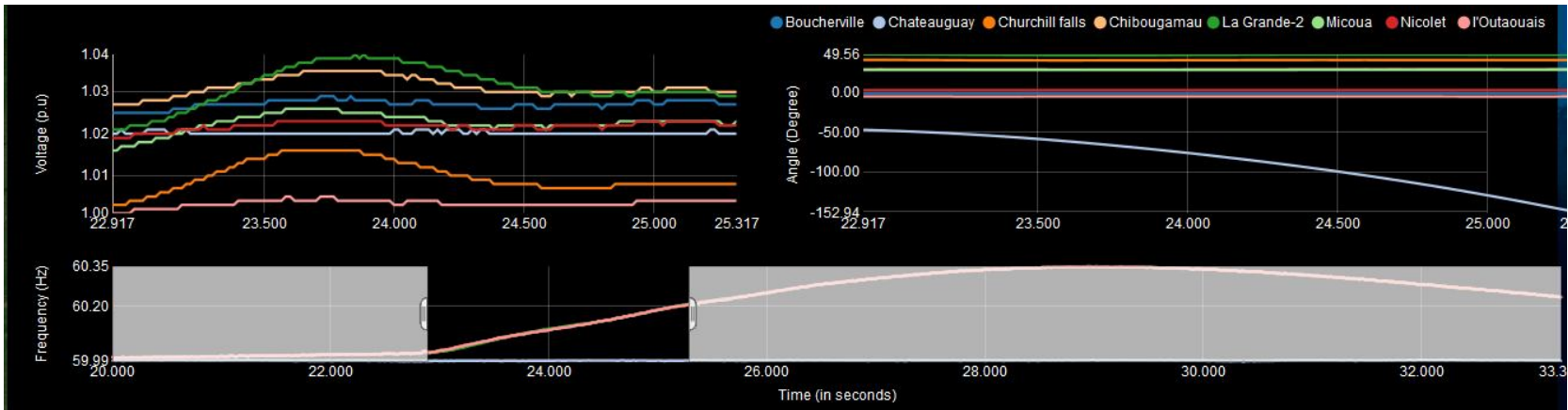
GIS Map View and Search Panel in WASA system

# Capability 1 – Playback charts for a complex event



Ground truth: *loss of load followed by over-frequency*

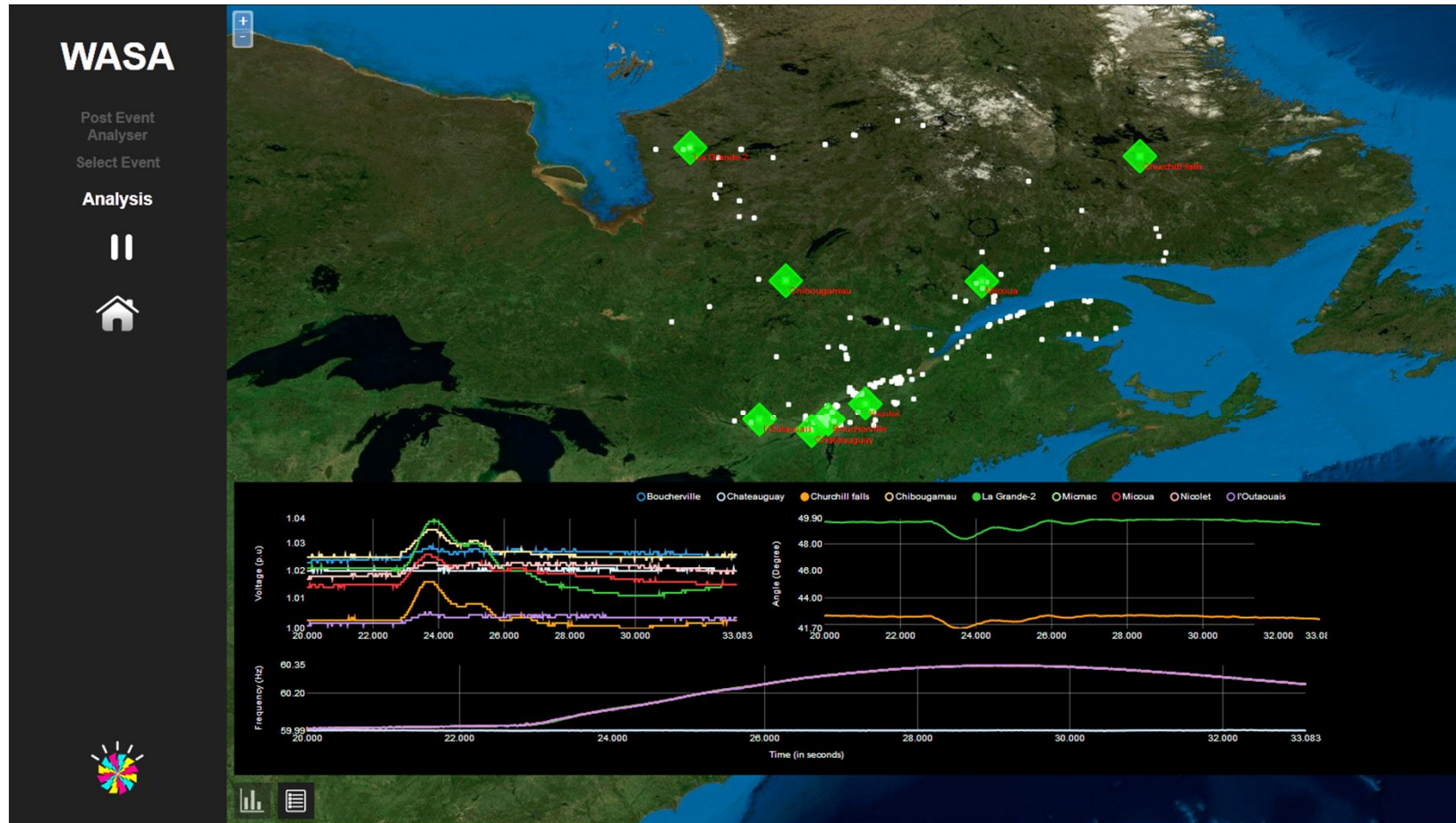
# Capability 1 – Adjust focus of attention



11 Slider window can be adjusted to shift focus of attend on increase in frequency (top) and sharp fluctuation in phase angle (bottom).

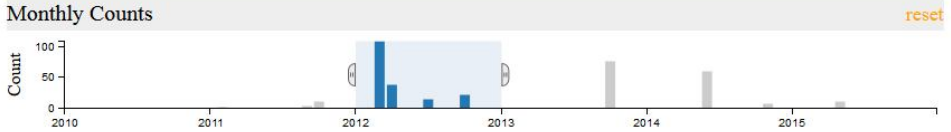


# Capability 1 – Toggle PMU measurements to isolate behaviors



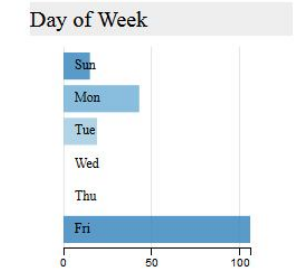
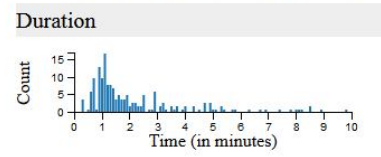
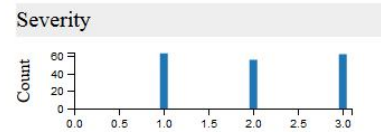
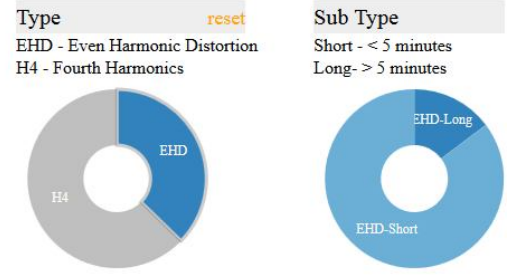
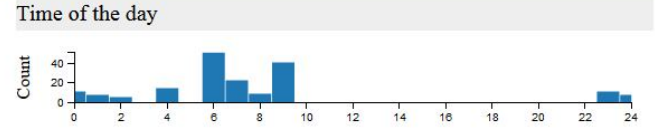
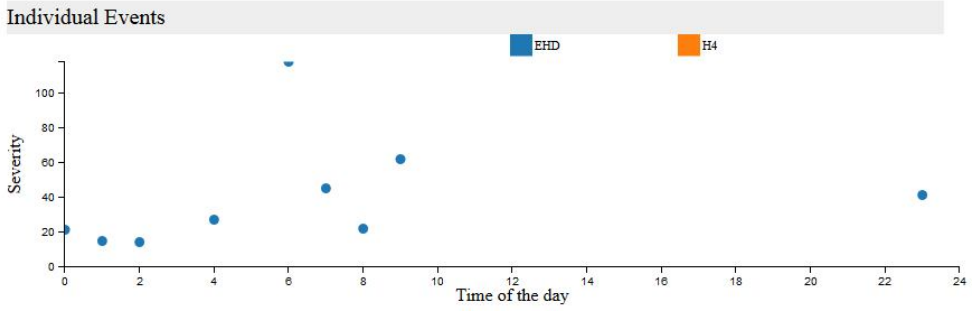
# Capability 2 – High-level summarization of grid events

## Event Browse View (in UTC)



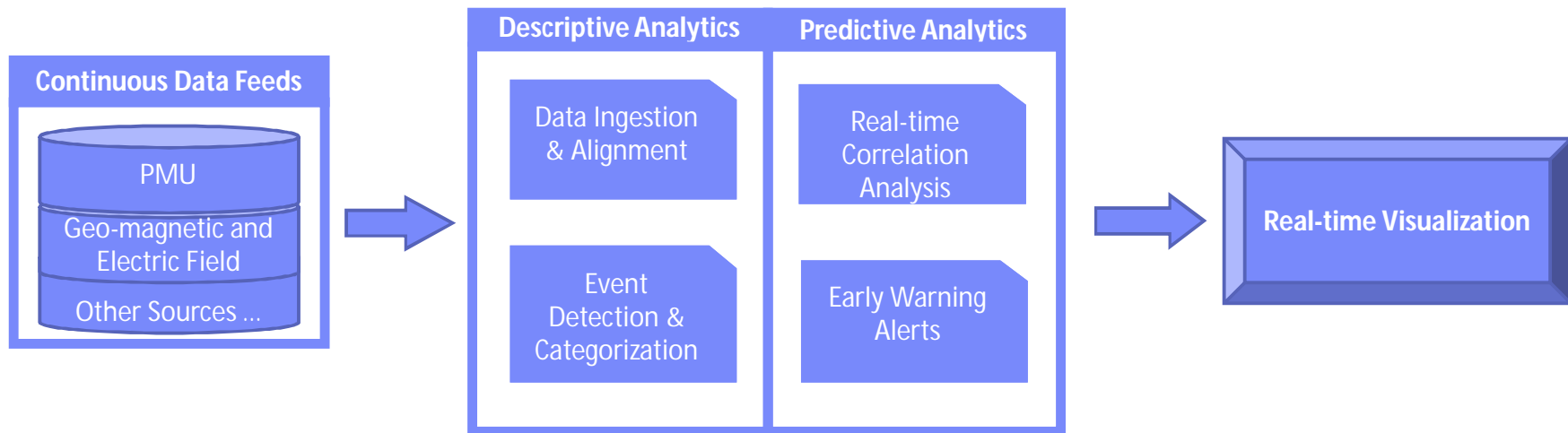
Yearly Chart

- Filter events
- What are low probability events during the year?



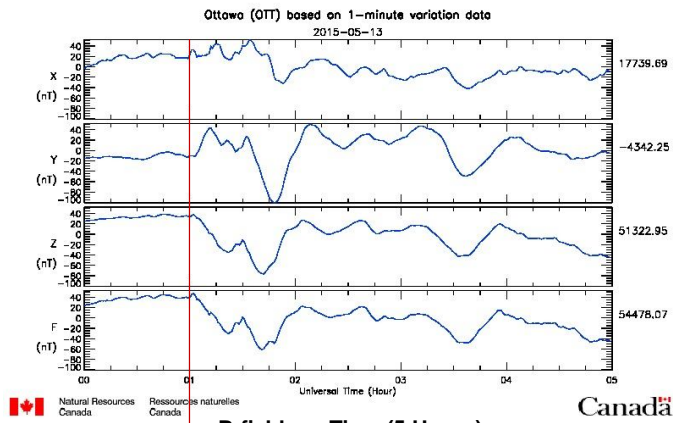
## Capability 3 – Real-time prediction for geomagnetic disturbances (GMDs)

- Utilities primarily rely on forecasted / actual values of magnetic activity (indices) but do not couple with grid activity automatically
- We bring in new data sources and correlate with PMU data, *relaxing the constraints of strict time alignment*

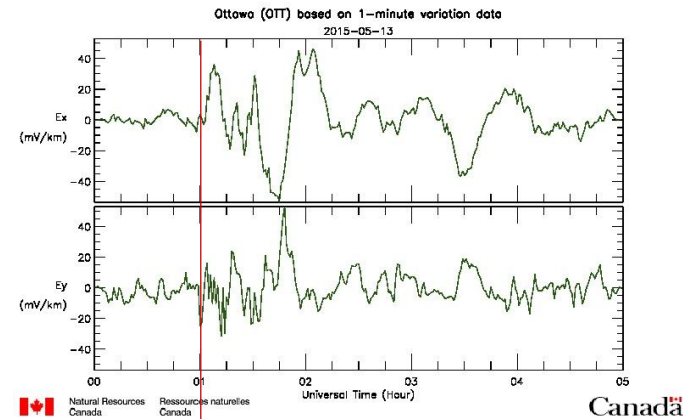


# Capability 3 – Example model: correlating geomagnetic/electric and grid behaviors

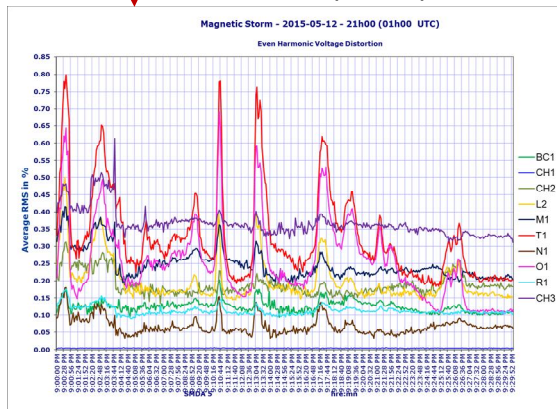
*Hypothesis:* Geomagnetic/geoelectric field data are good predictors of GMD-related harmonics activity on the grid and can be used to alert operators in advance of large-scale events



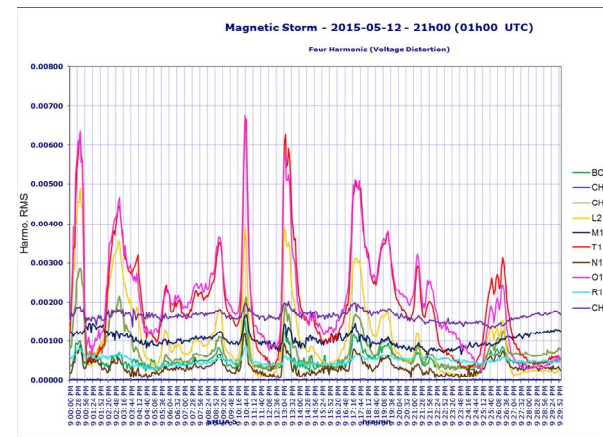
**B-field vs. Time (5 Hours)**



**E-field vs. Time (5 Hours)**

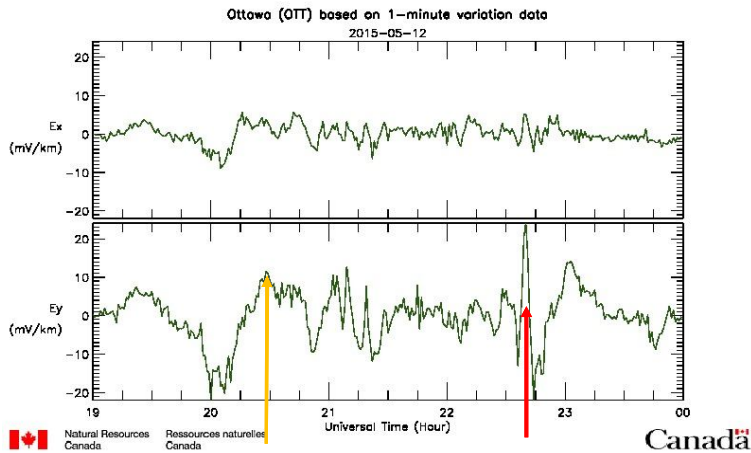


**Even Harmonics vs. Time (30 mins)**

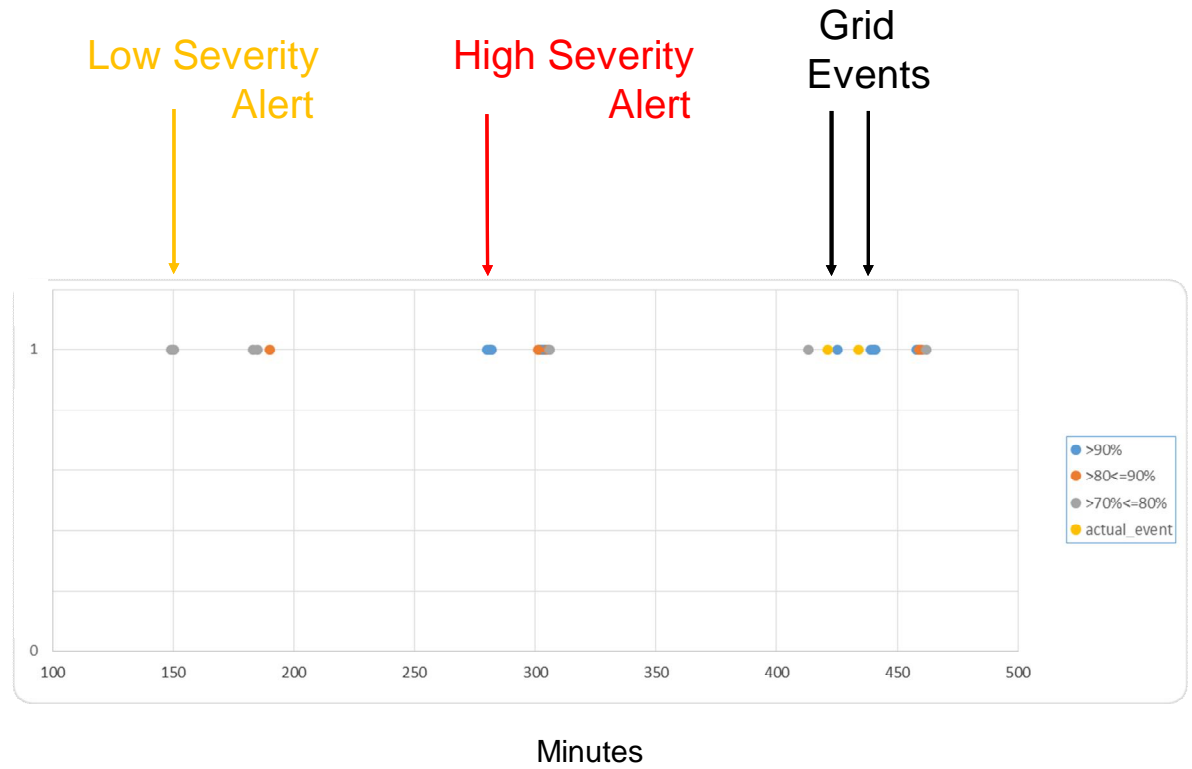
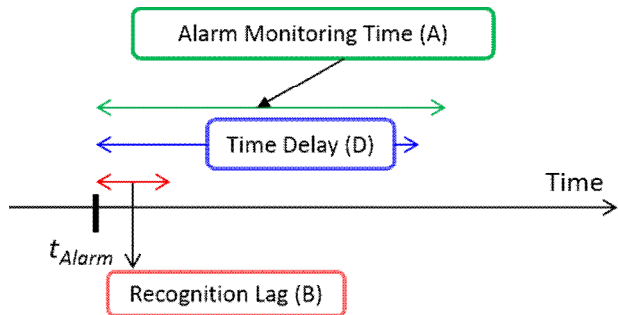


**Fourth Harmonics vs. Time (30 mins)**

# Capability 3 – Example model: using predictions to enable mitigating actions (cont.)



Ey during Low & High Severity Alerts



We find that Ey is a good predictor of grid activity during a GMD.



## Take-aways ...

- **PMUs provide operators data, but they do not provide operators knowledge**
- **Knowledge of the past (post-event analysis), present and future (real-time early warnings) enables better decision making**
- **In addition, we are using machine learning techniques to find richer relationships/patterns across multiple data sources (space weather) for robust GMD prediction**

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